

# DOHaD Summer Course 2023: First Principles and Future Directions

**Monitoring the Effect of Intrauterine  
Environment on Fetal Brain Development in Rhesus Macaques  
with In Utero MRI**

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*Advanced Imaging Research Center,  
ONPRC Division of Neuroscience*

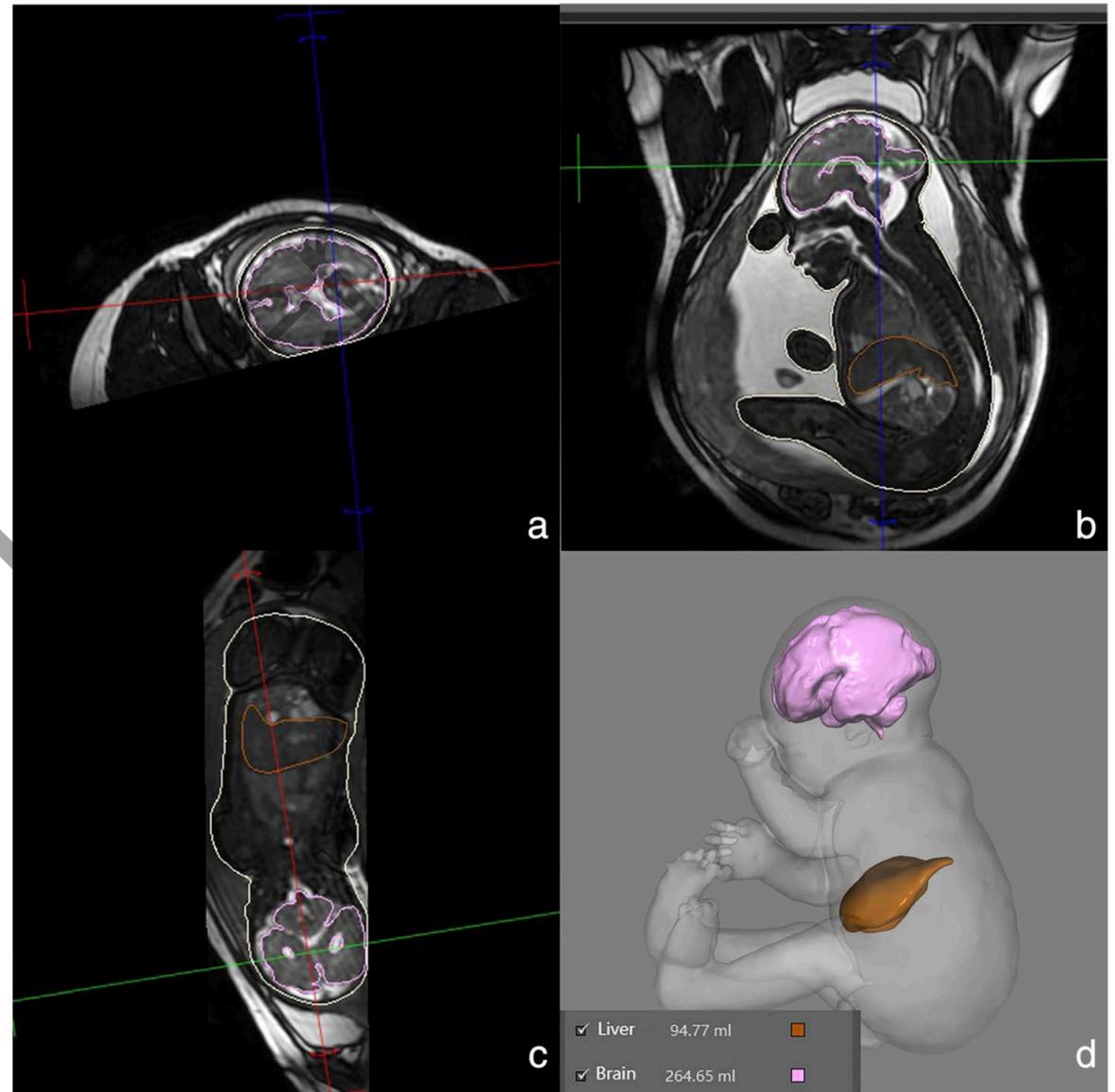
**August 8, 2023**

# *New plan for this presentation*

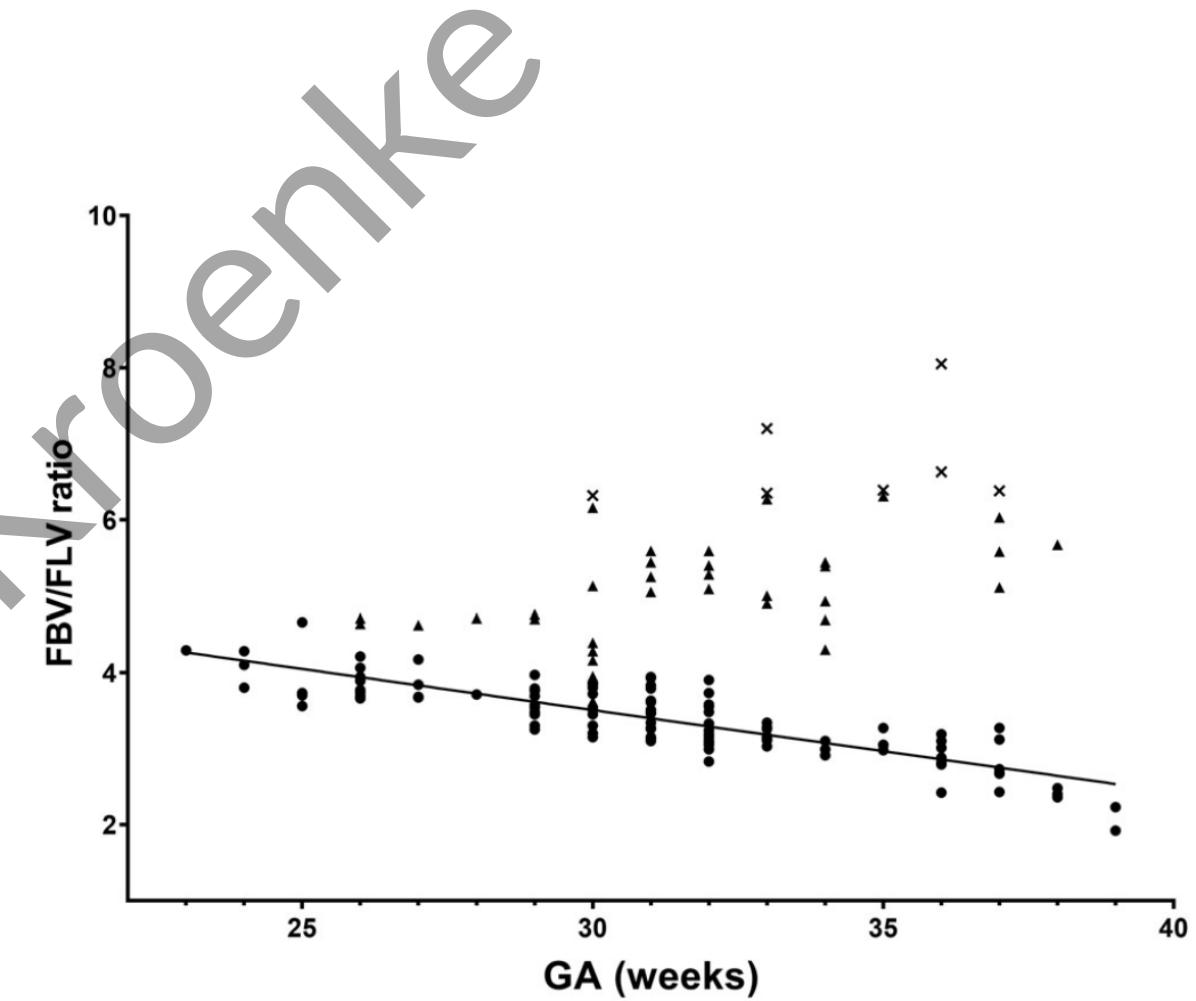
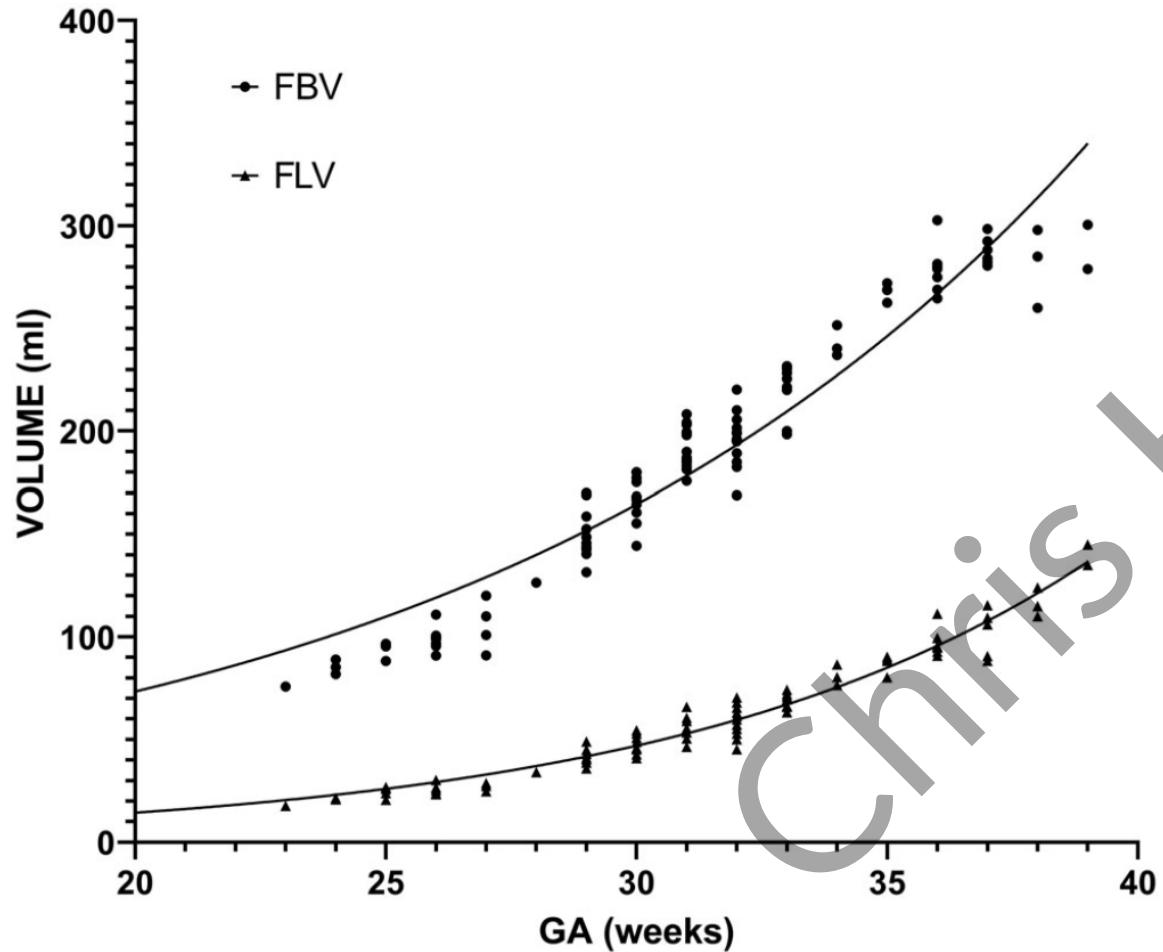
- Survey of fetal MRI capabilities of potential relevance to DOHaD
- Fetal rhesus brain development

# *In utero MRI*

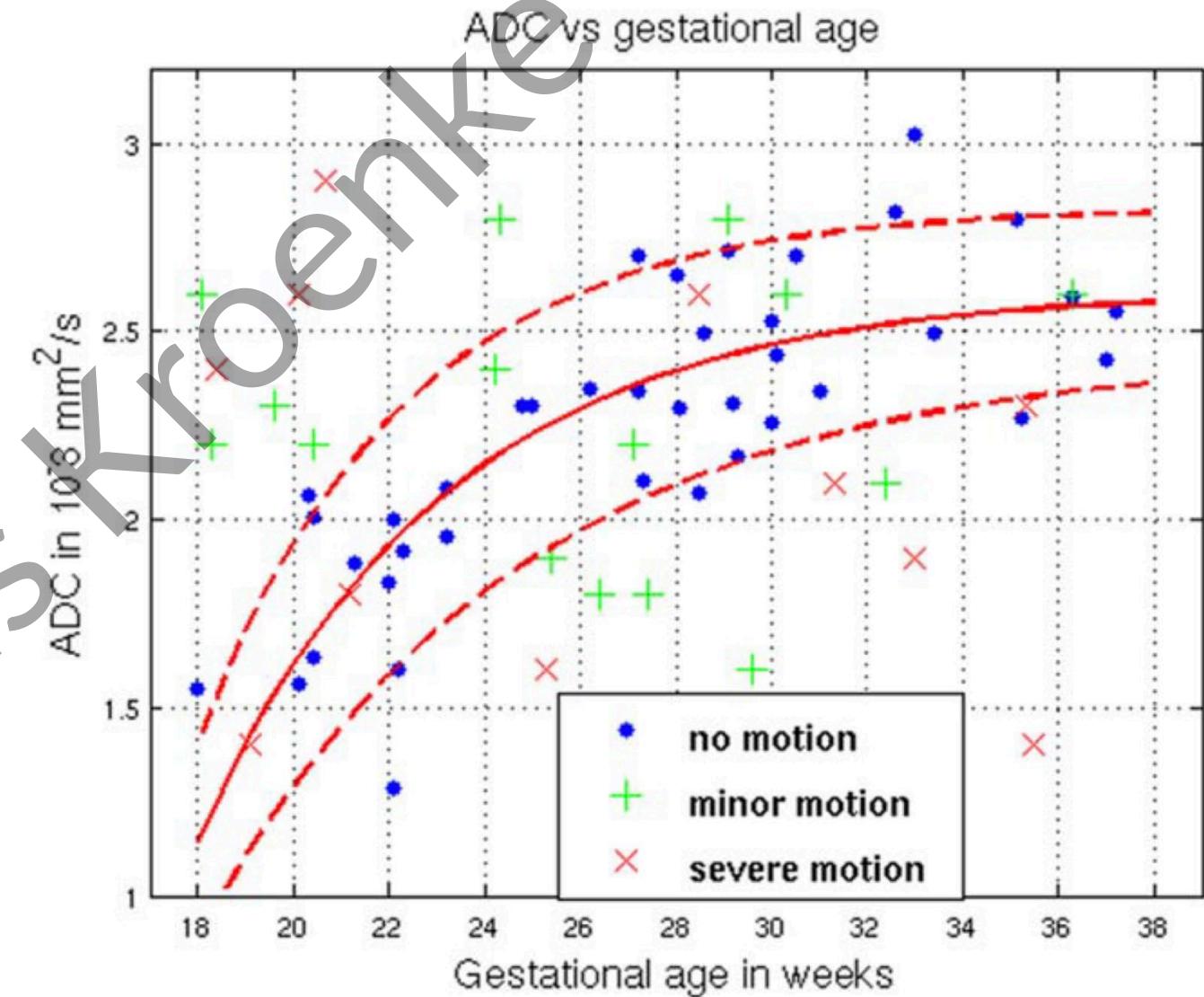
- Is safe – performed in studies of healthy human volunteers
- Entire fetus frequently within the field of view
- Facilitates structural and functional characterization of a novel stage of development



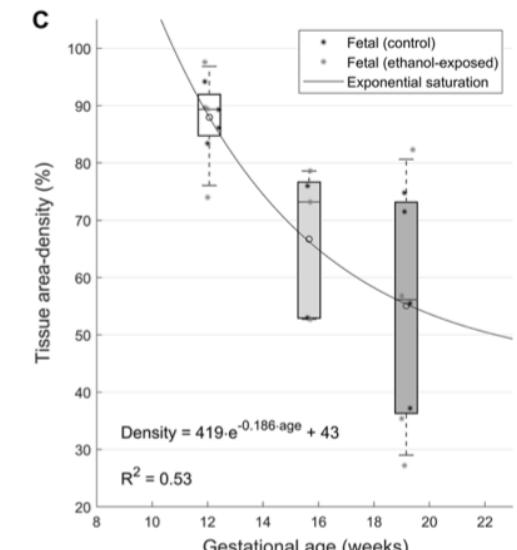
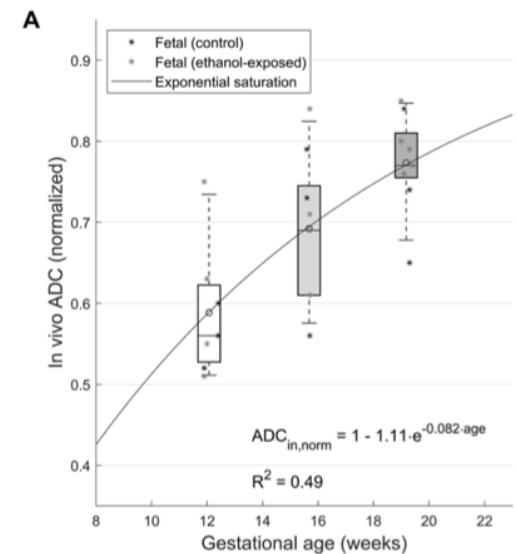
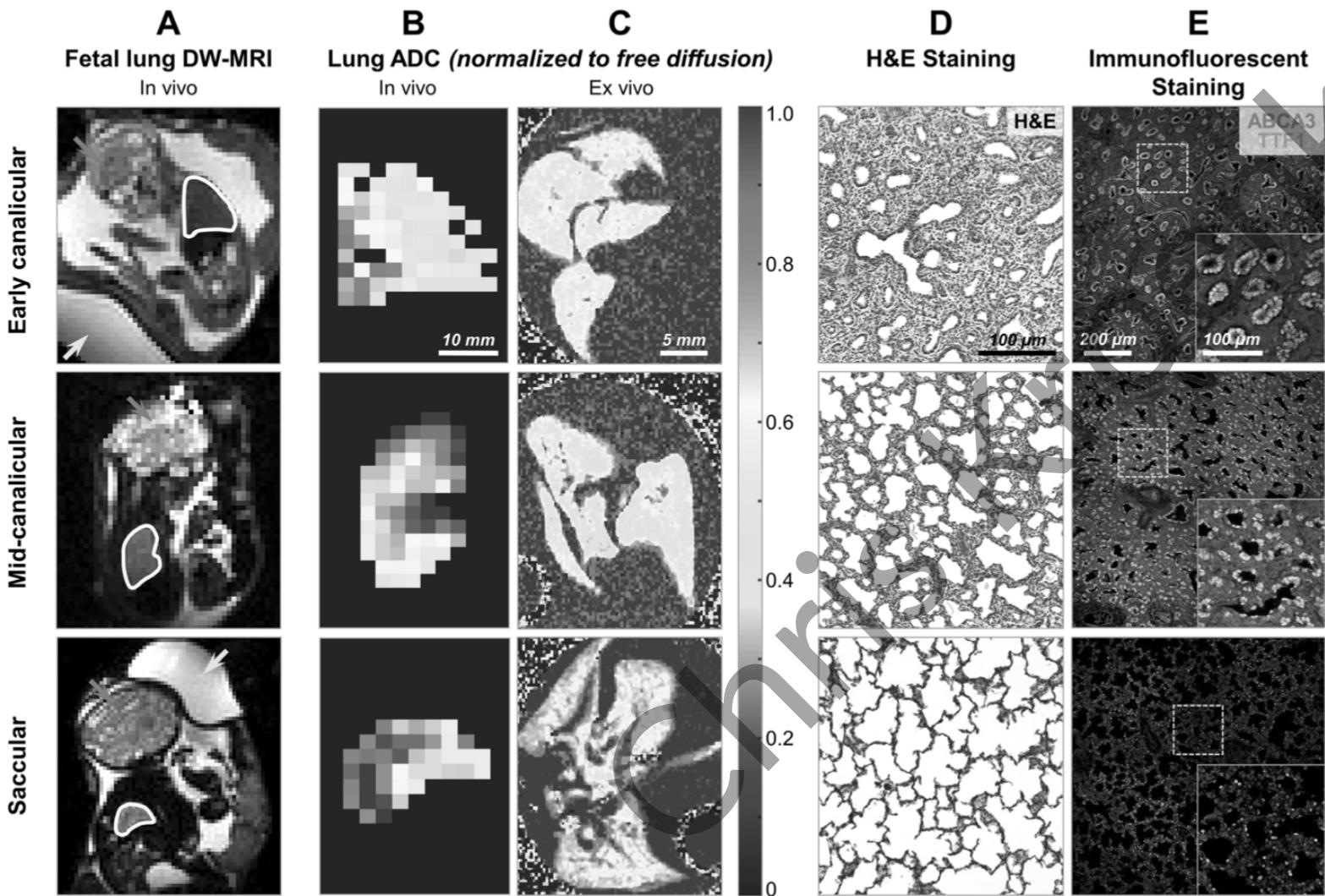
# *Quantification of Brain and Liver Volumes*



# *Water diffusion in the fetal lung becomes less restricted with alveolar development*

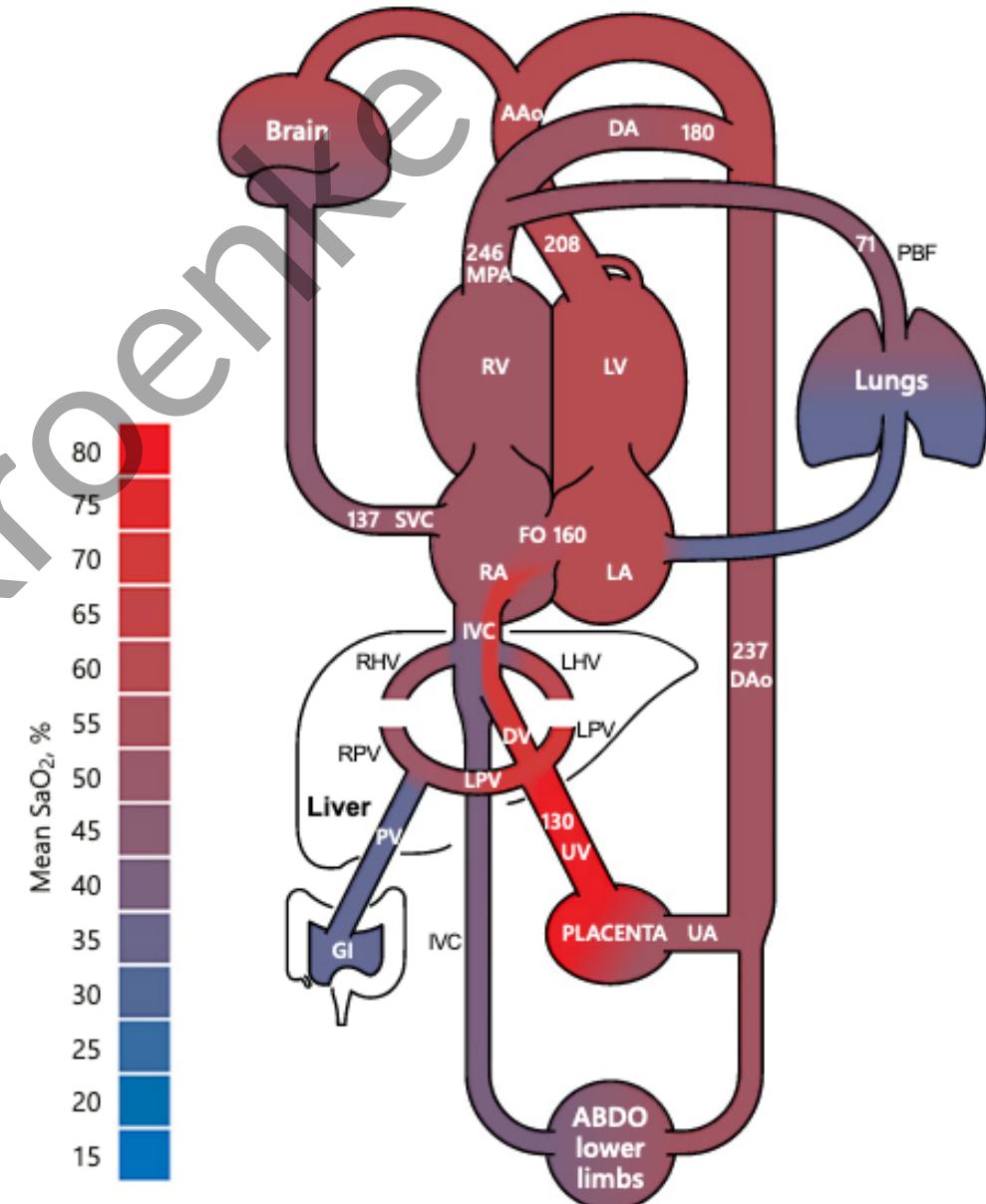


# Validation of fetal lung approach in rhesus animals



# Fetal Circulation

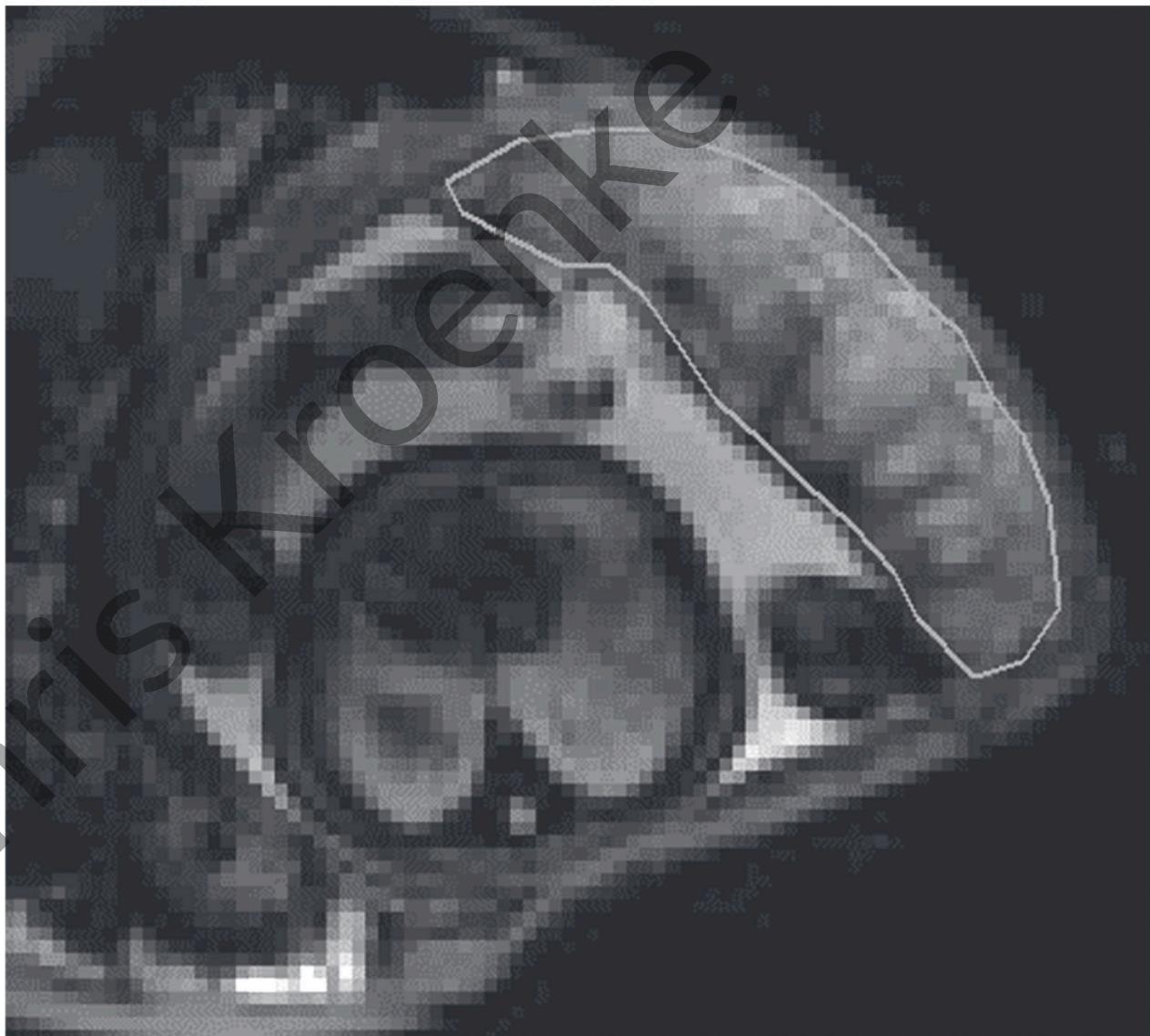
- Blood flow measured via phase contrast MRI
- Vessel blood oxygen saturation via T1 and T2 mapping
- Methods applied in human studies validated with instrumented sheep



# Opinion

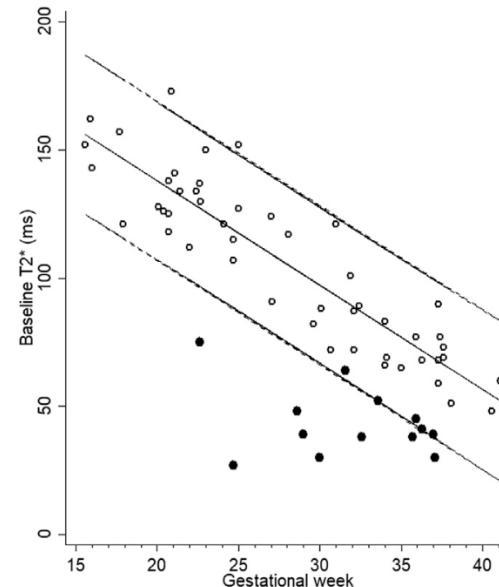
## T2\*-weighted placental MRI: basic research tool or emerging clinical test for placental dysfunction?

A. SØRENSEN<sup>1\*</sup> , J. HUTTER<sup>2</sup>, M. SEED<sup>3</sup>,  
P. E. GRANT<sup>4</sup> and P. GOWLAND<sup>5</sup>



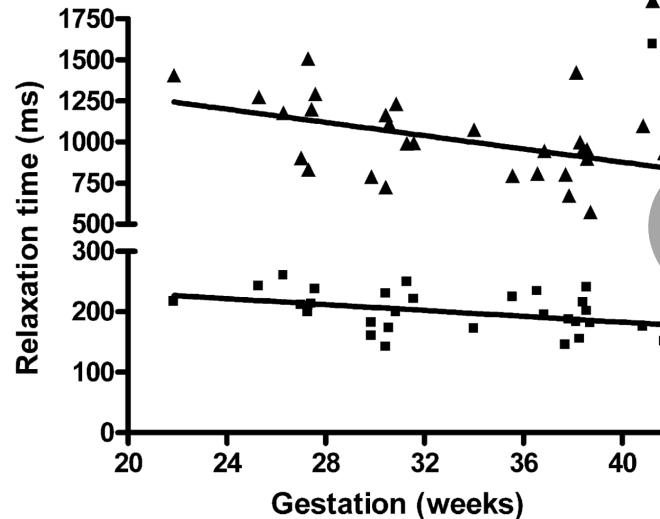
Aalborg University Hospital

Sinding et al., *Placenta*, 61:17-23 (2018)



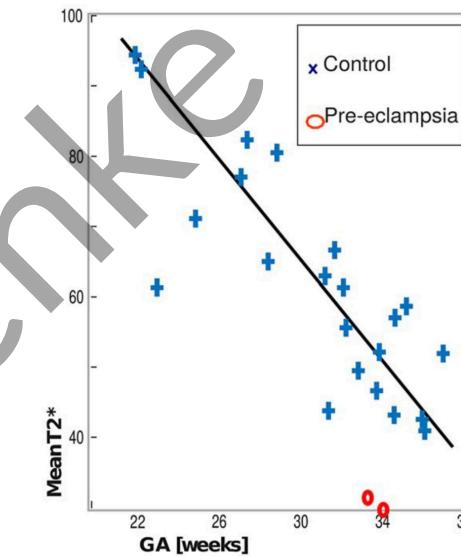
Manchester/Nottingham

Wright et al., *Placenta*, 32:1010-1015 (2011)



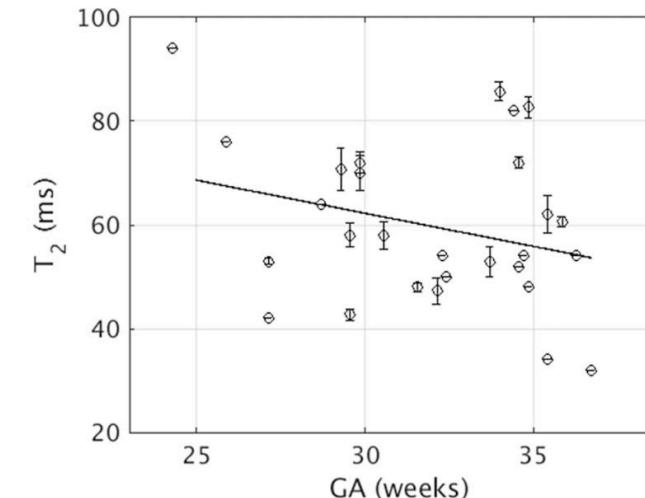
Kings College London

Hutter et al., *Magn. Reson. Med.*, 81:1191-1204 (2019)

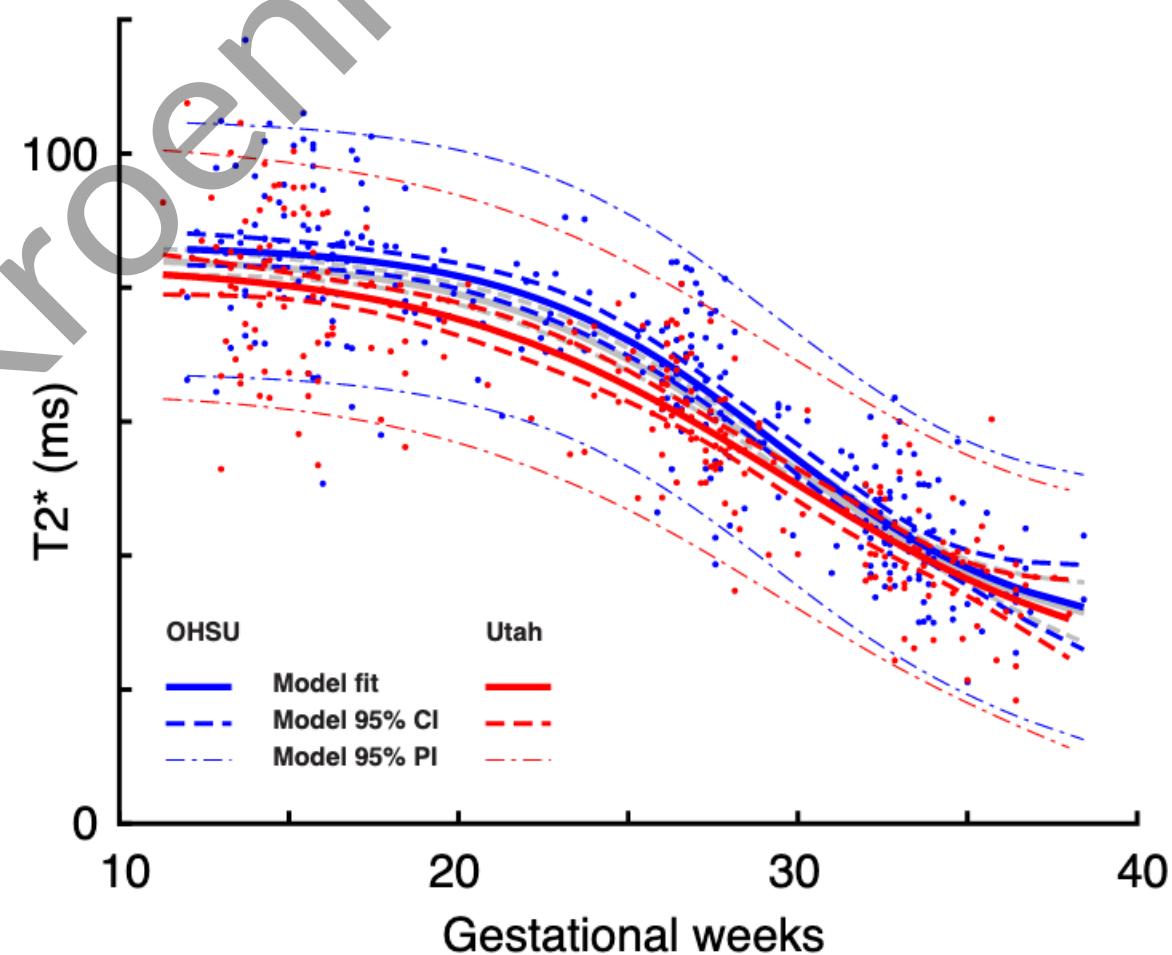
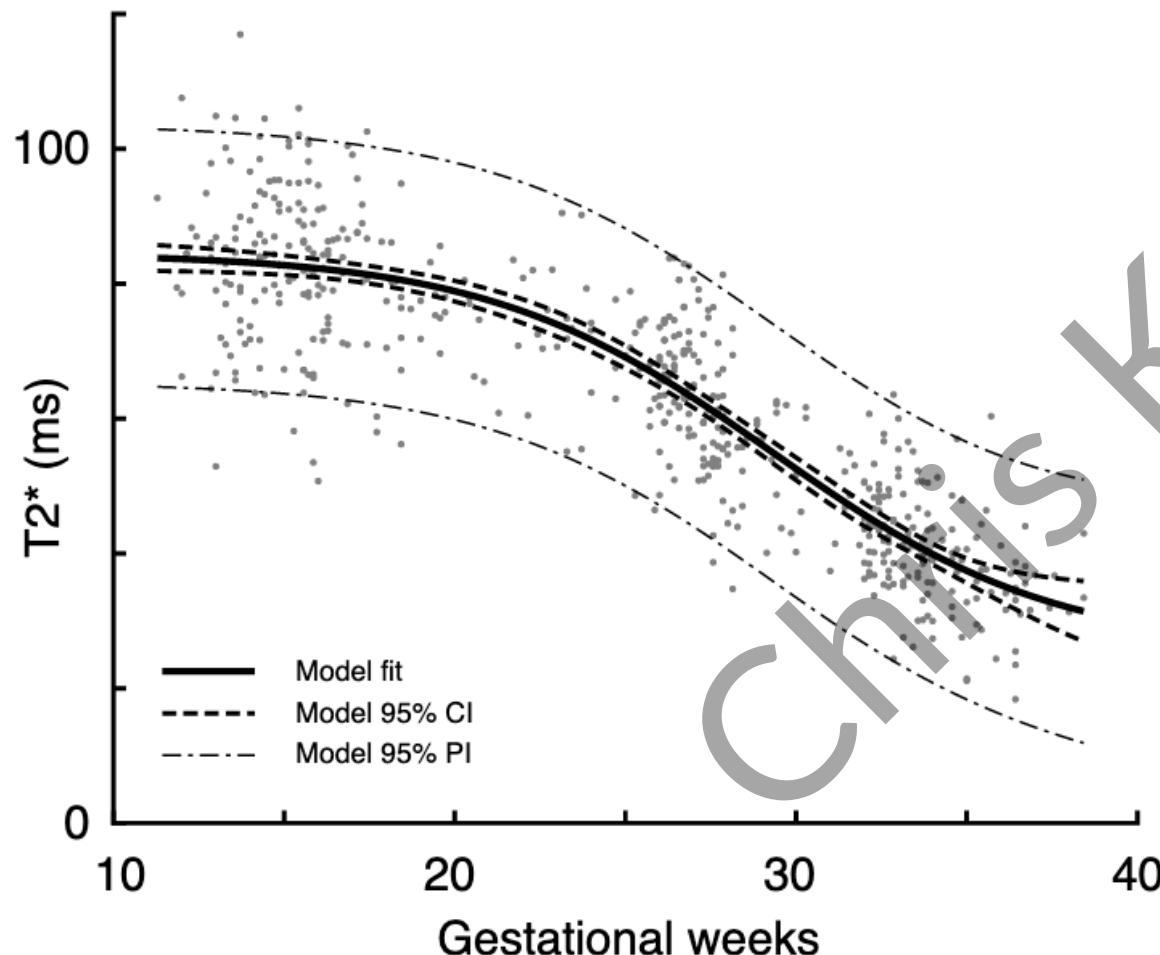


Mass. General/MIT

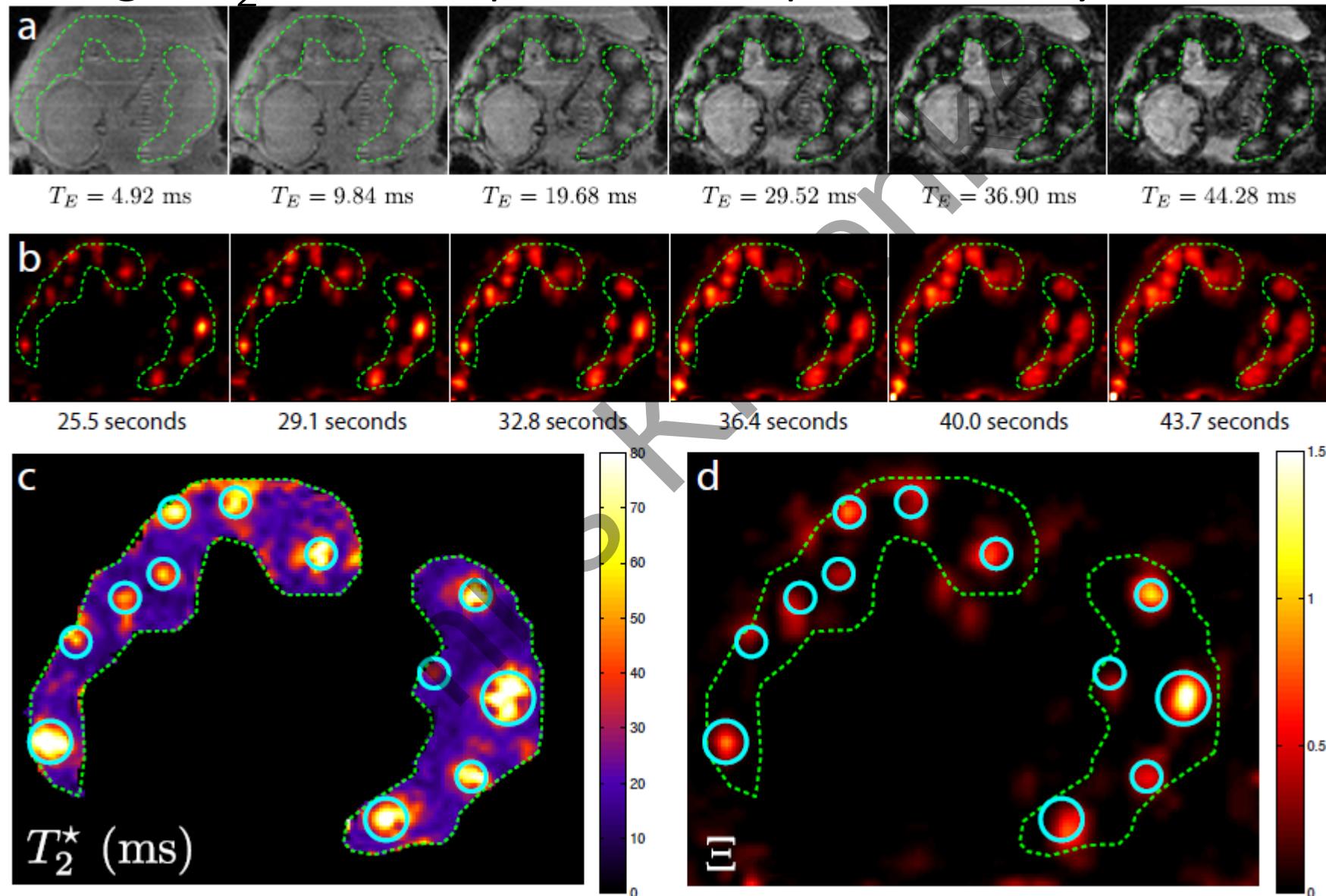
Stout et al., *Placenta*, 114:124-132 (2021)



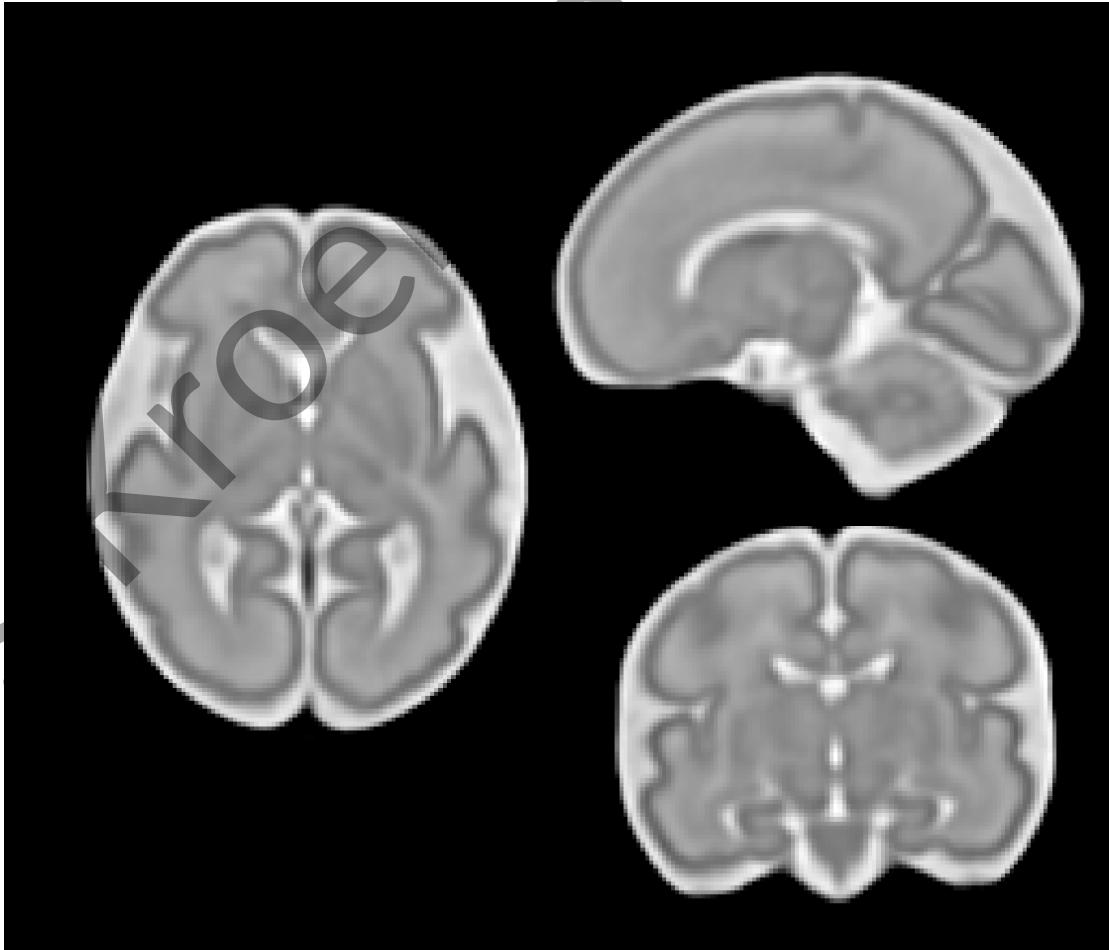
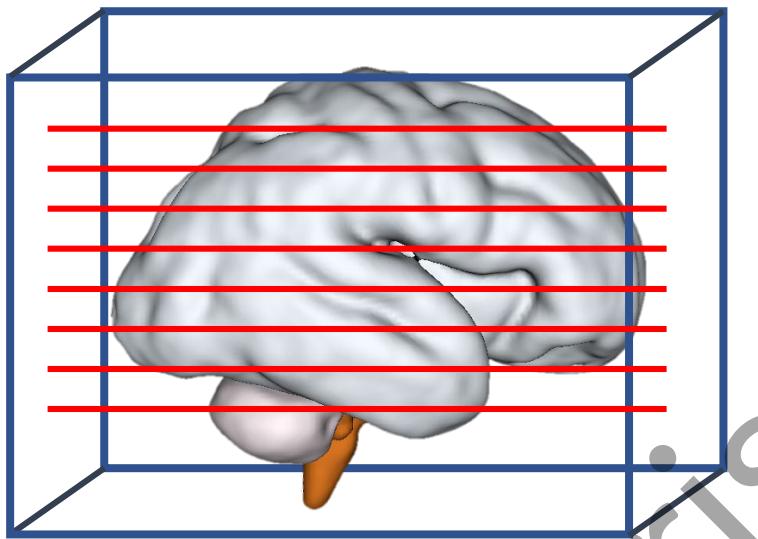
“Future multicenter trials with a consistent MRI protocol performed at specific gestational ages in clinically well-defined population should be the next step to determine the clinical potential of T2\* weighted placental MRI.” –Sorensen, Hutter, Grant, Seed, Gowland (2020)



*Validation in rhesus:*  
*Large  $T_2^*$  corresponds to spiral artery location*

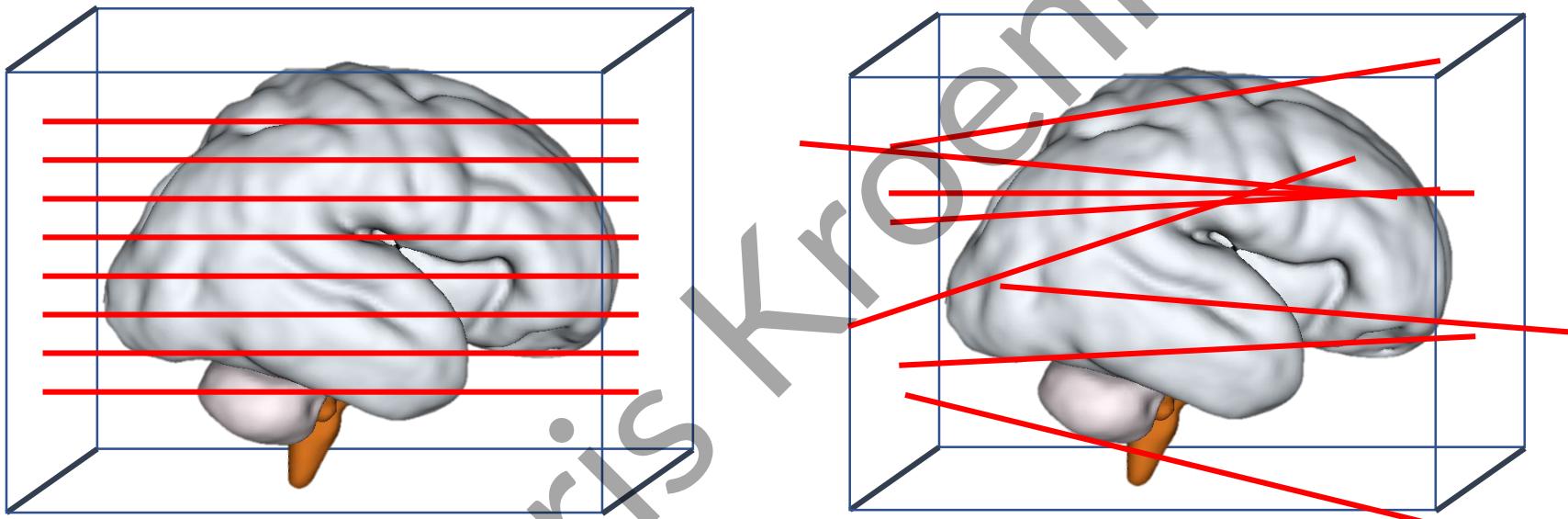




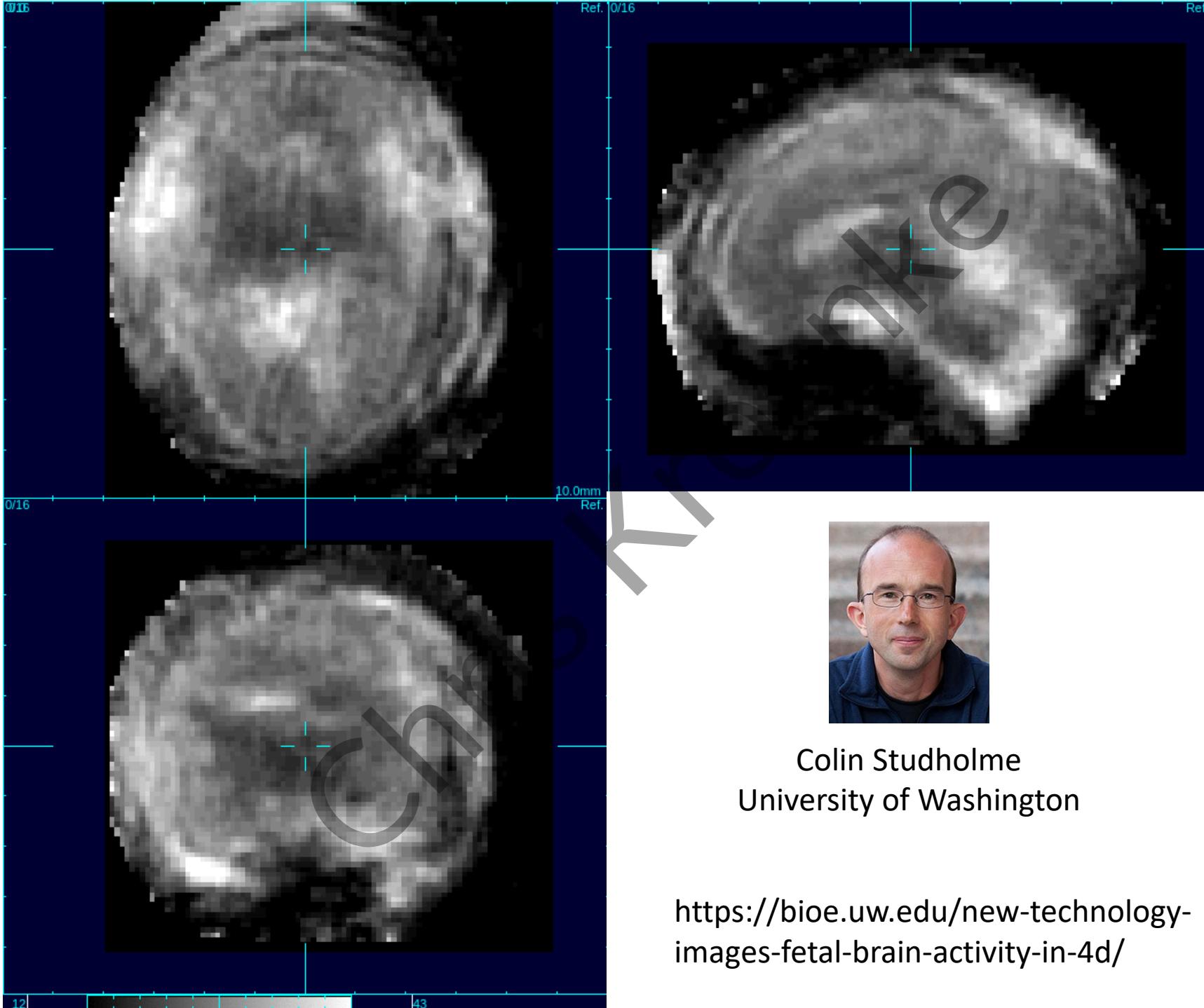








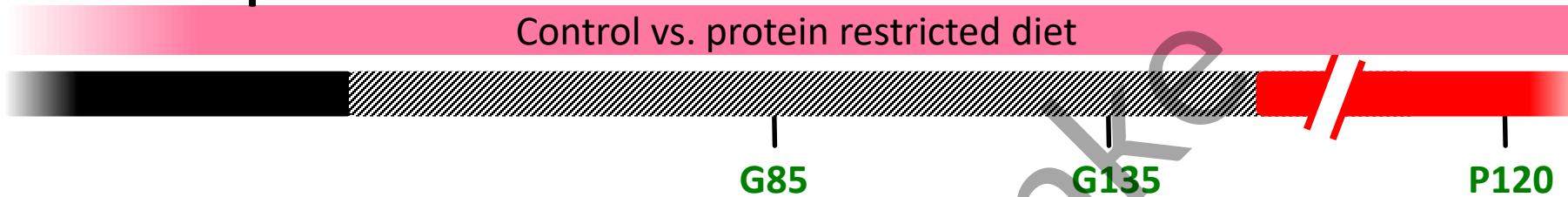
Chris Kronke



# *Fetal MRI in rhesus monkeys*

## **Maternal protein-restricted diet**

Control vs. protein restricted diet



## **Zika virus infection**

Infections occur (G30 – G115)



## **Acute (within magnet) physiological manipulation**



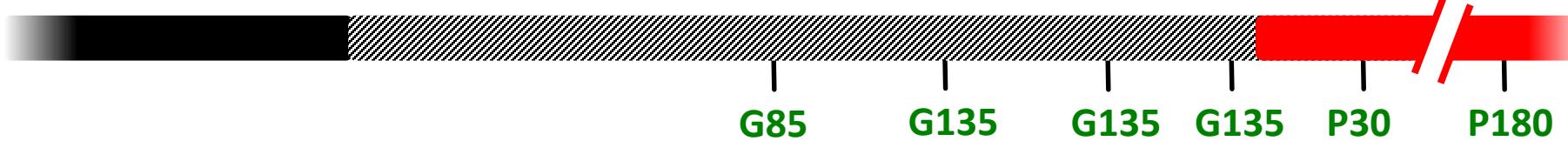
## **Fetal alcohol spectrum disorders**

1.5 g/kg/day ethanol until G60

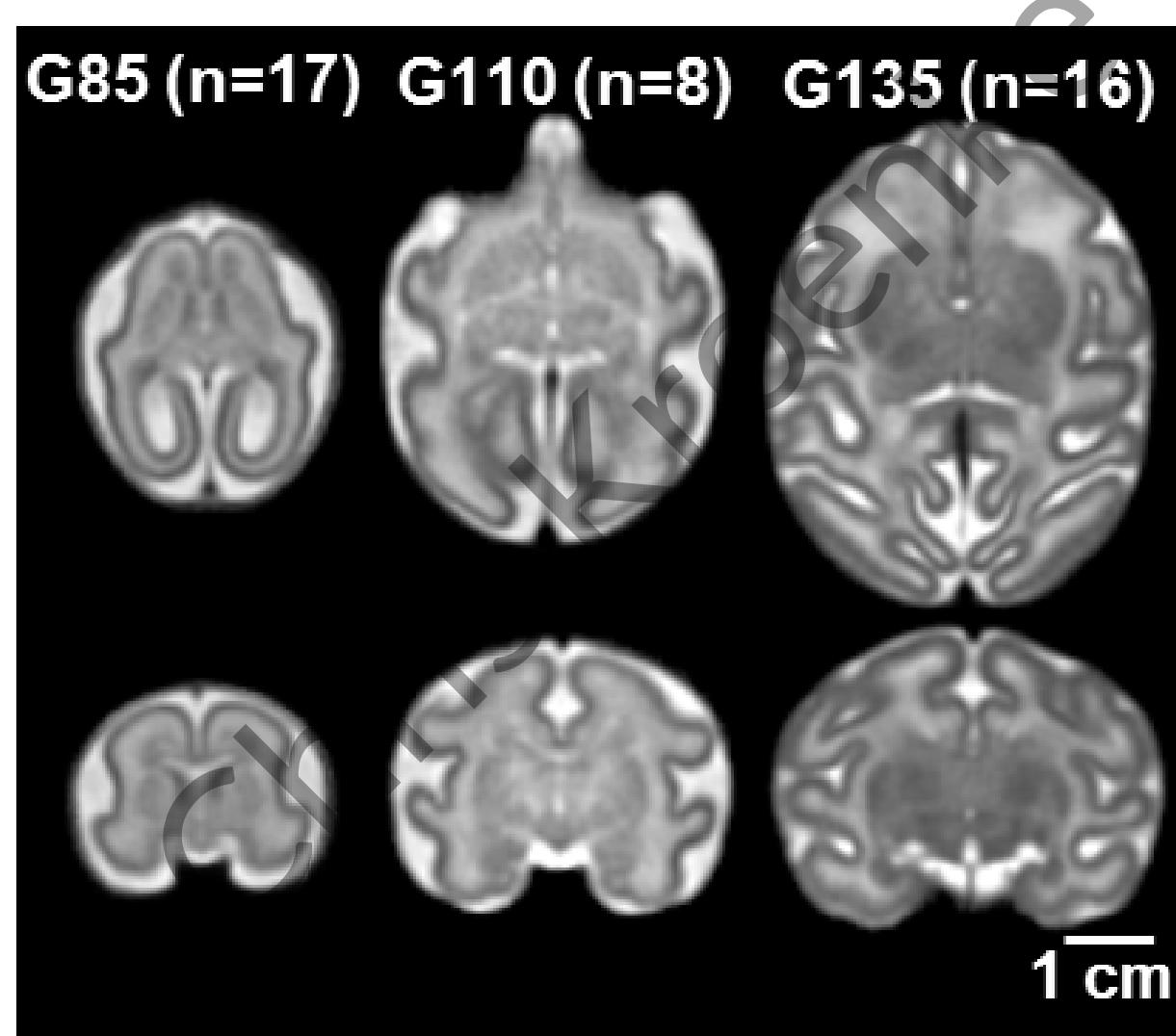


## **Fetal THC exposure**

Daily maternal THC oral administration

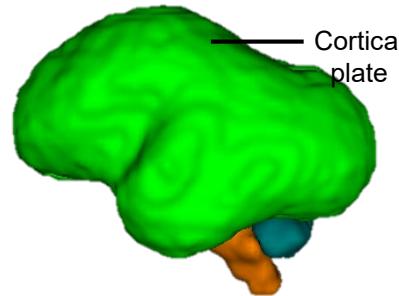


# *Fetal rhesus macaque brain templates*

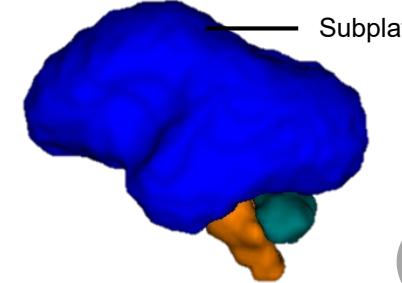


# *Labelmaps for G85, G110, and G135 rhesus brains*

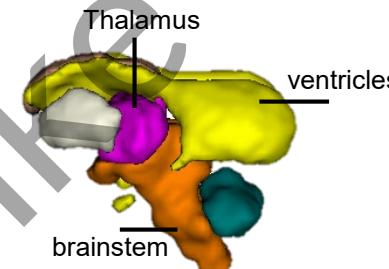
G85



Cortical plate



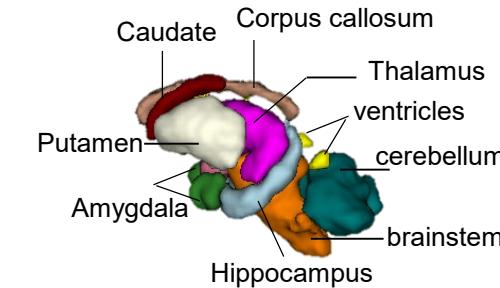
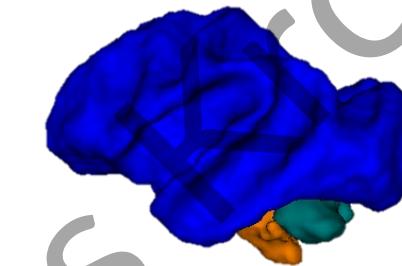
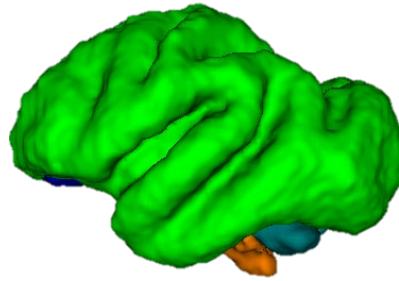
Subplate



Thalamus

ventricles

G110



Caudate

Corpus callosum

Thalamus

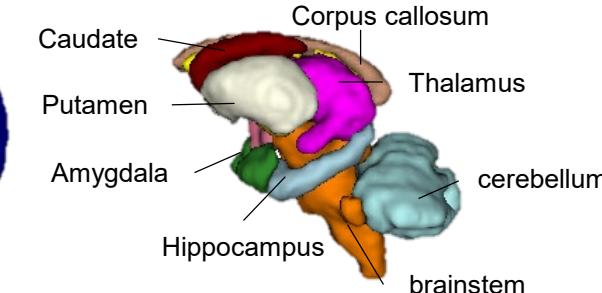
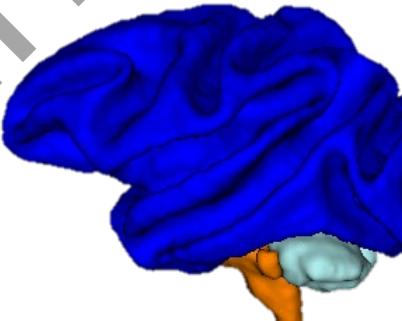
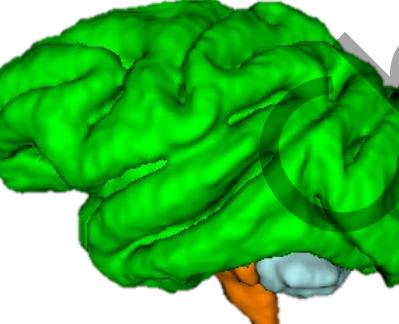
ventricles

cerebellum

brainstem

Hippocampus

G135



Caudate

Corpus callosum

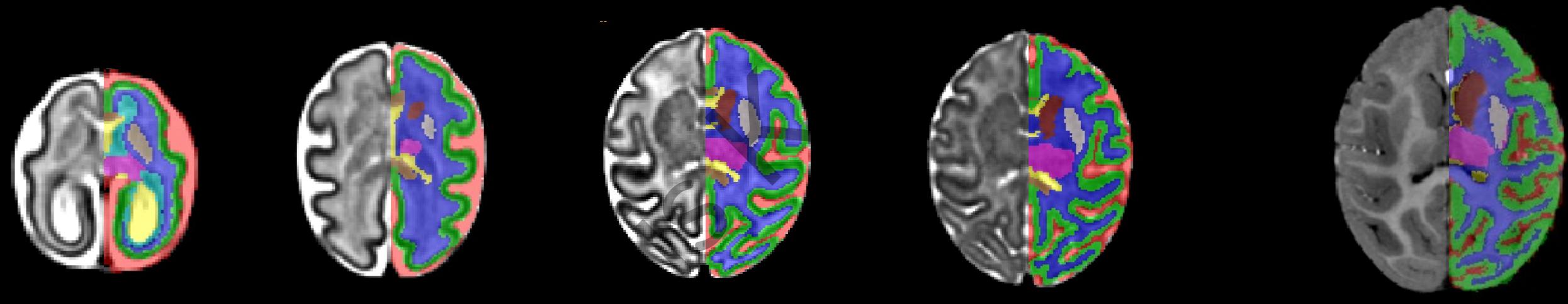
Thalamus

cerebellum

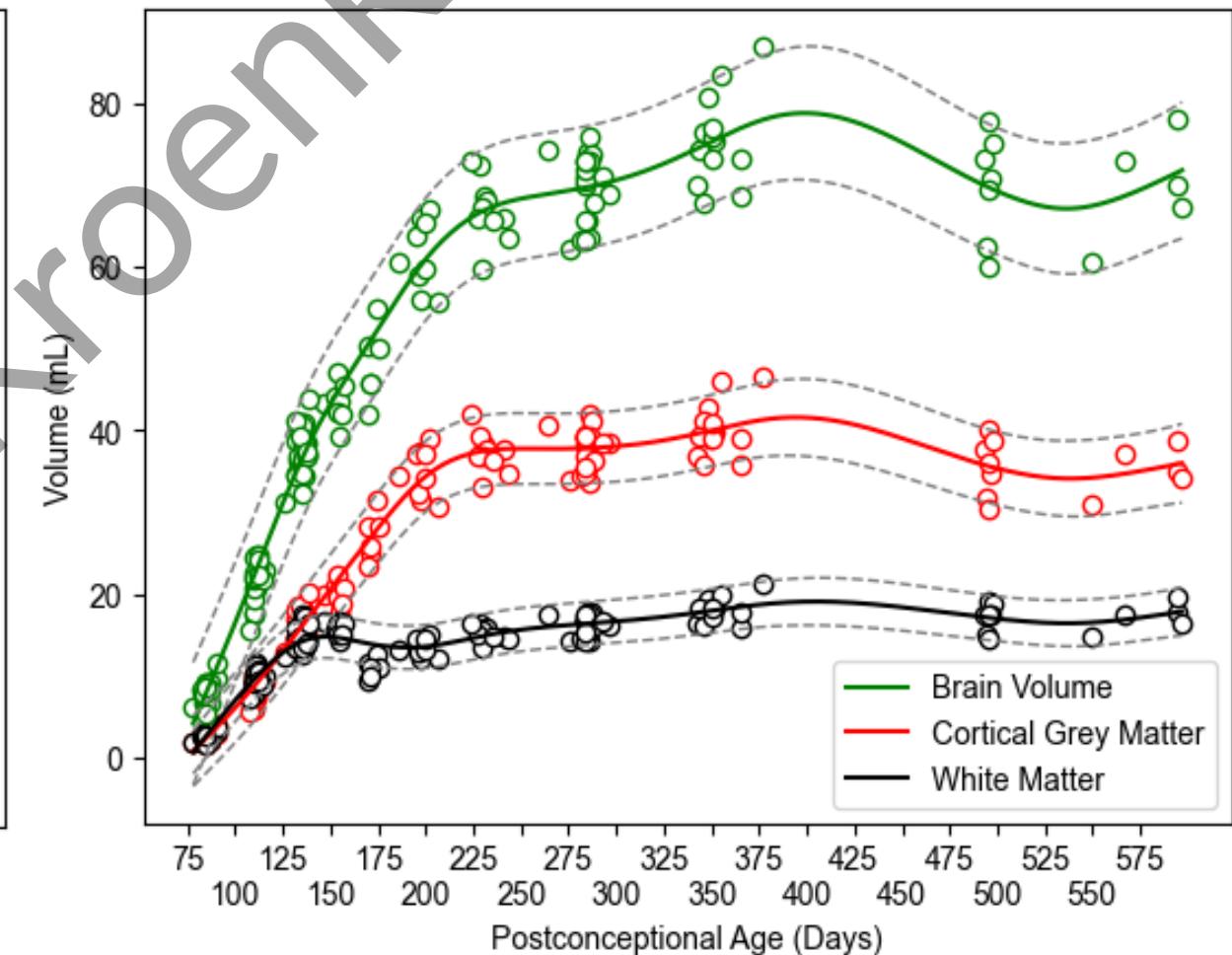
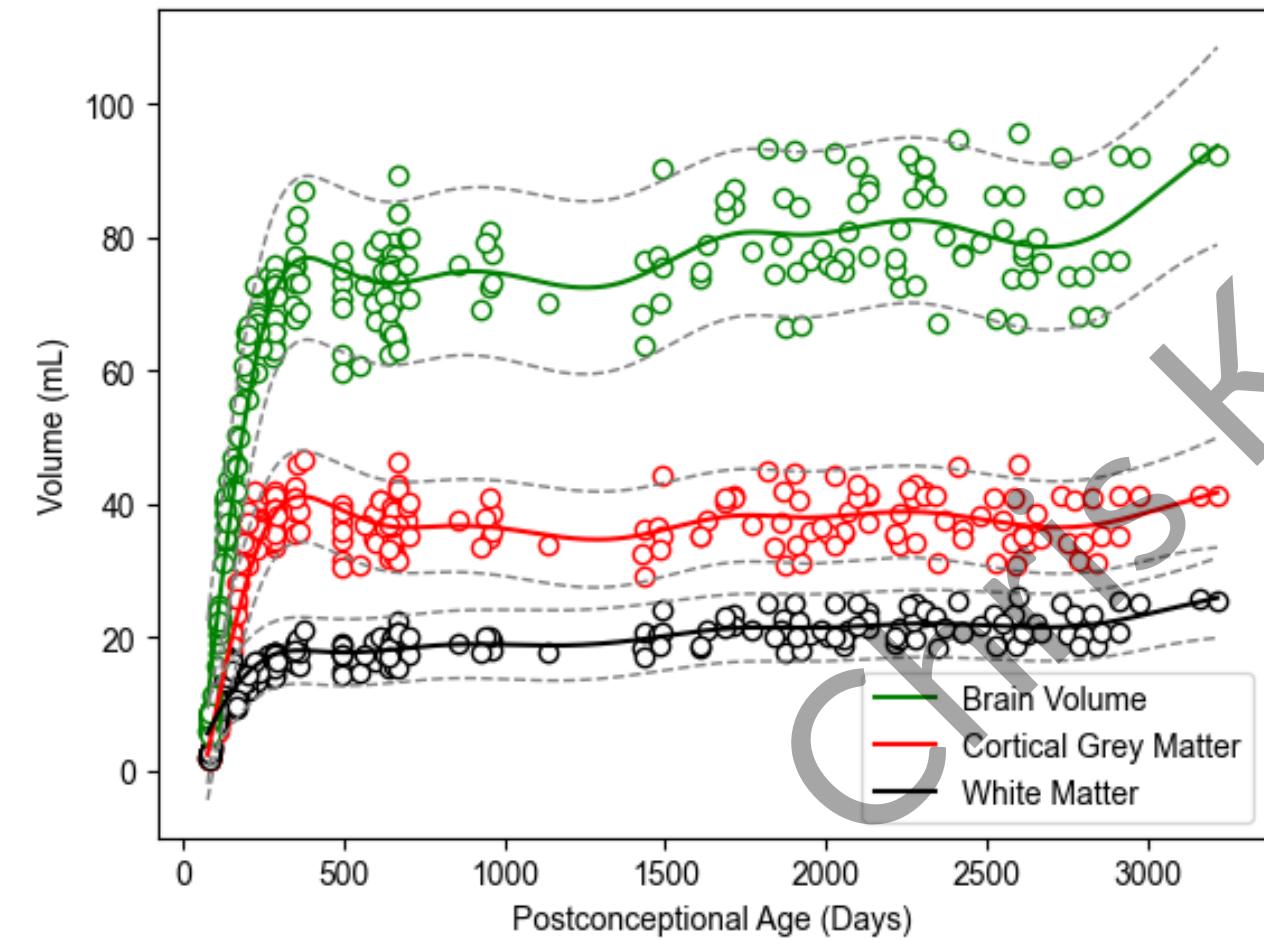
brainstem

*Ongoing work to extend the number of time points  
and merge with postnatal templates*

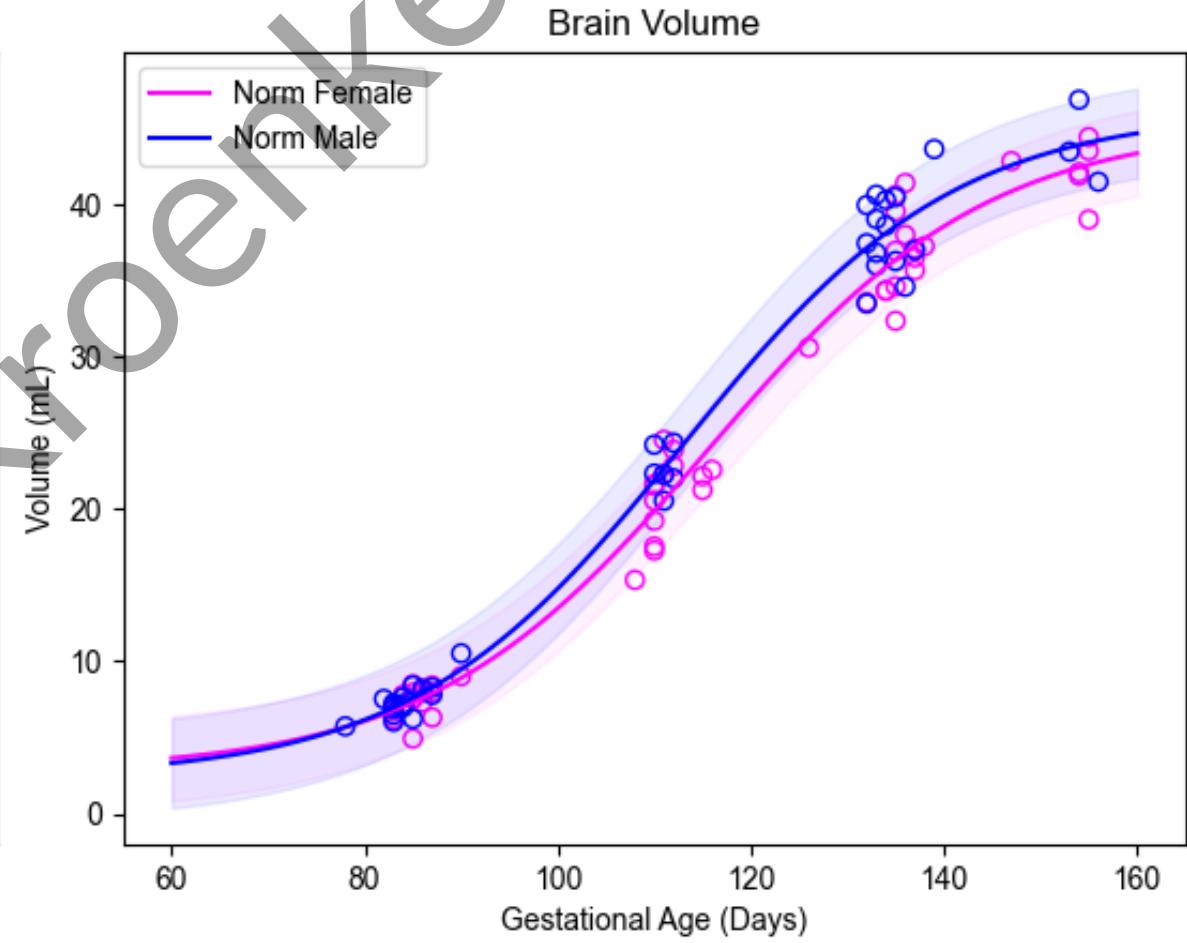
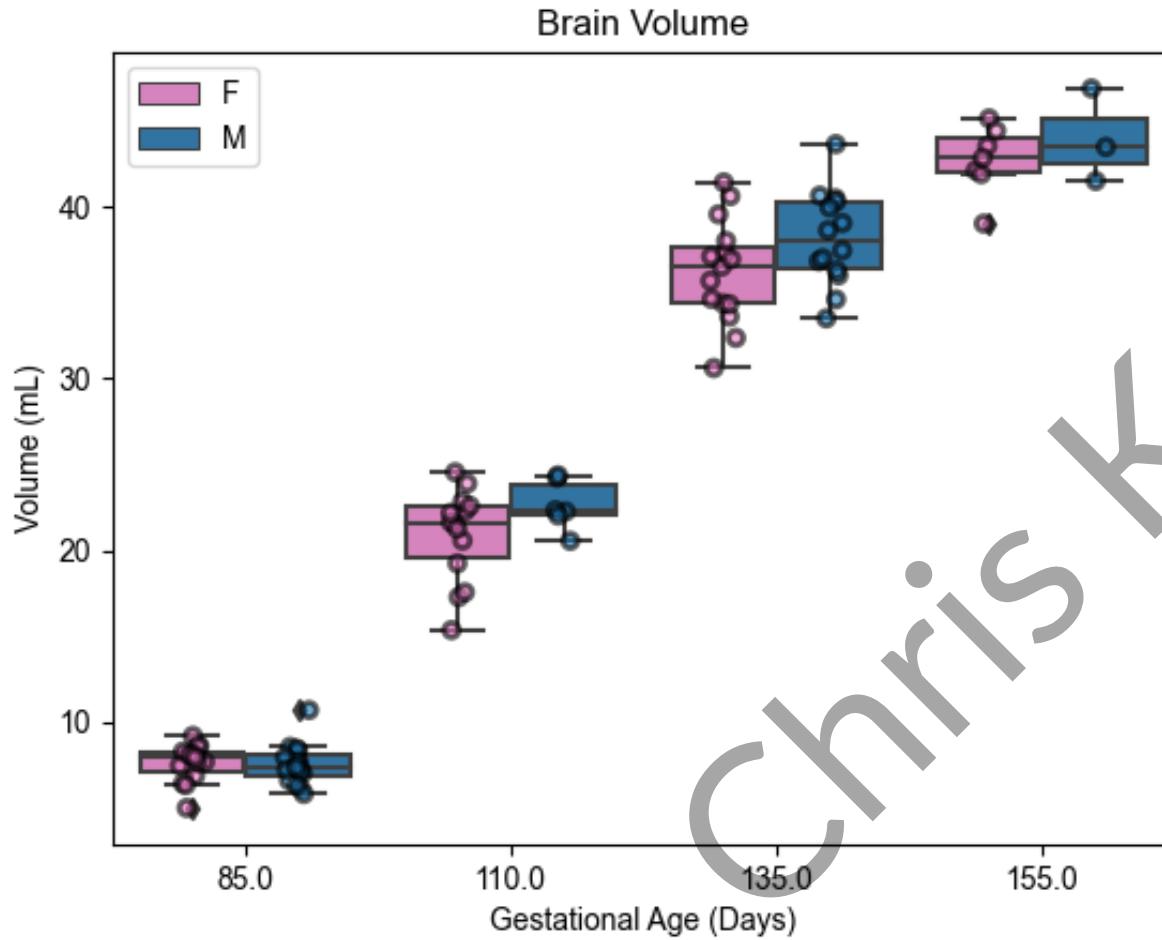
PC85      PC110      PC135      PC155      PC225



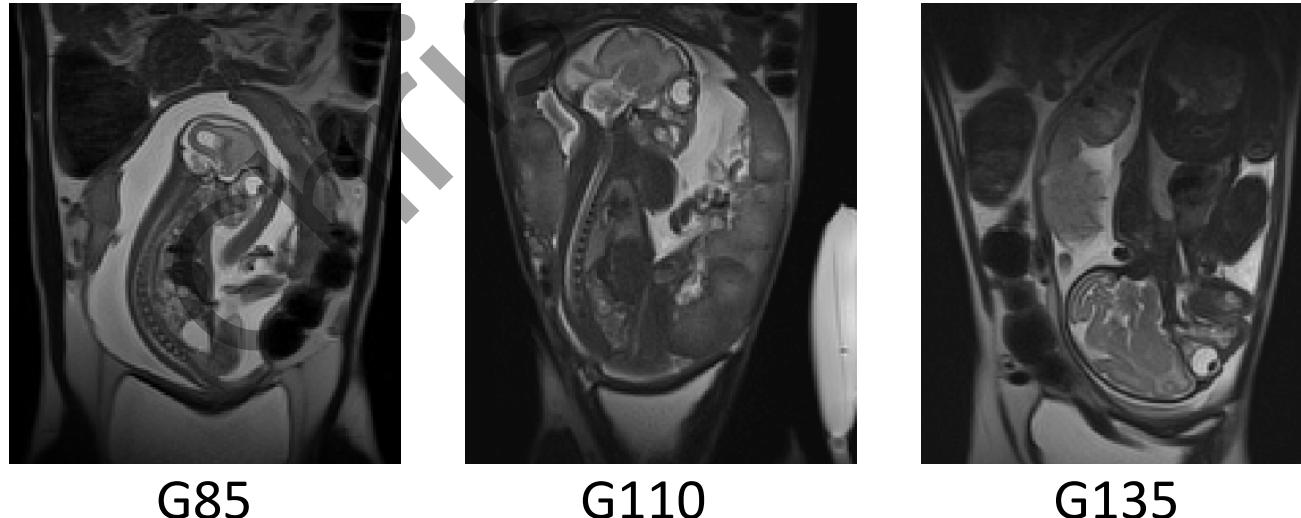
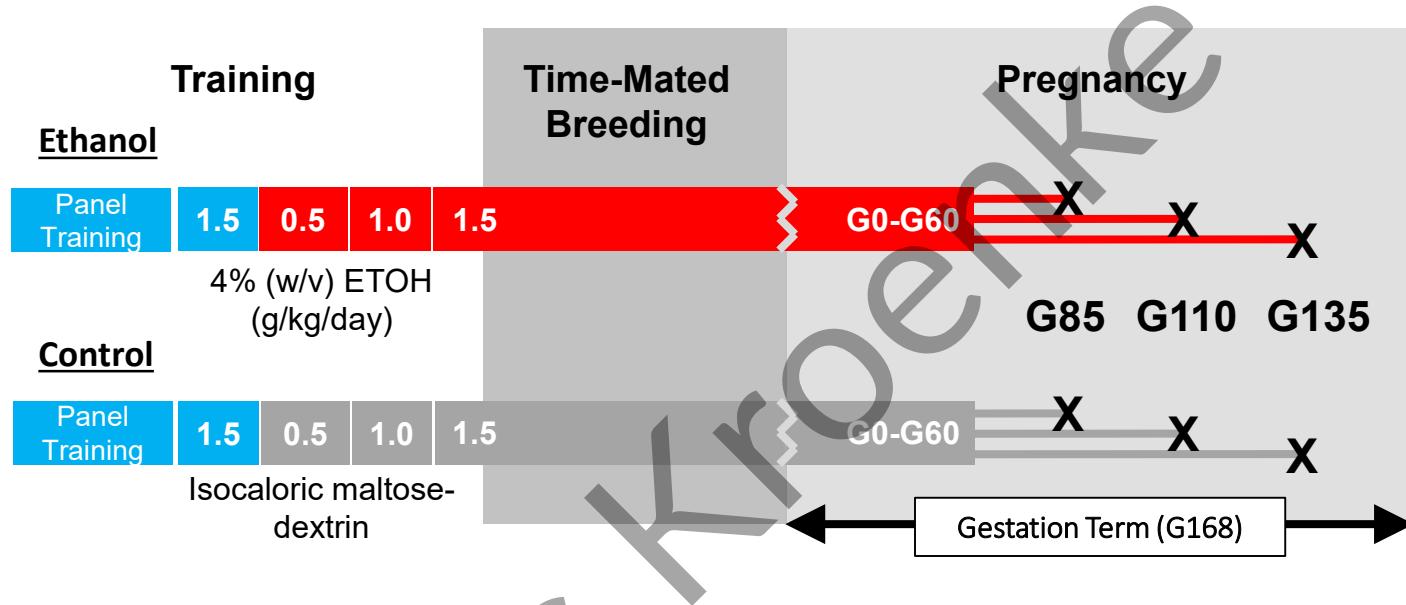
# *Growth of cortical gray matter and developing white matter*



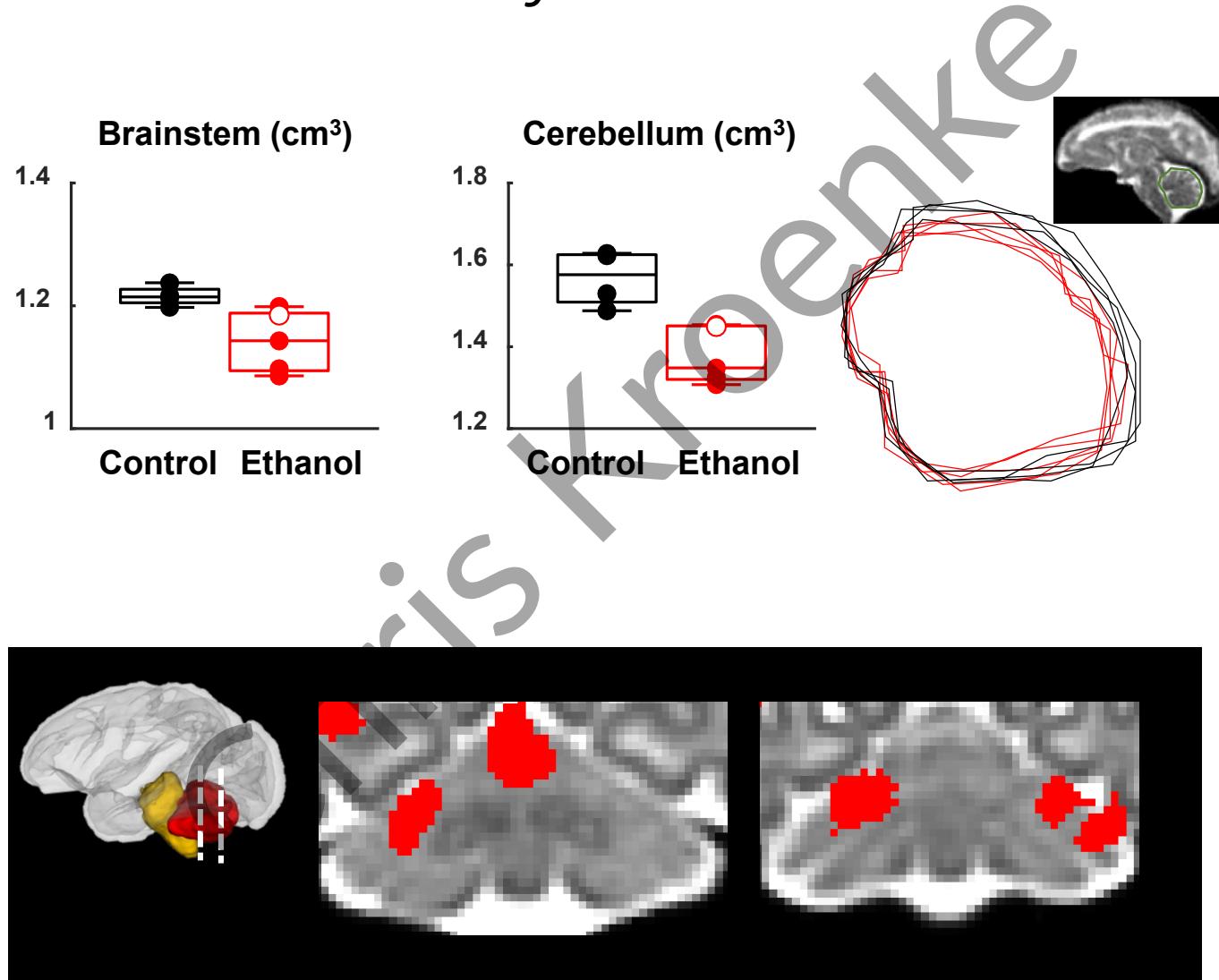
# *Sex differences in brain growth*



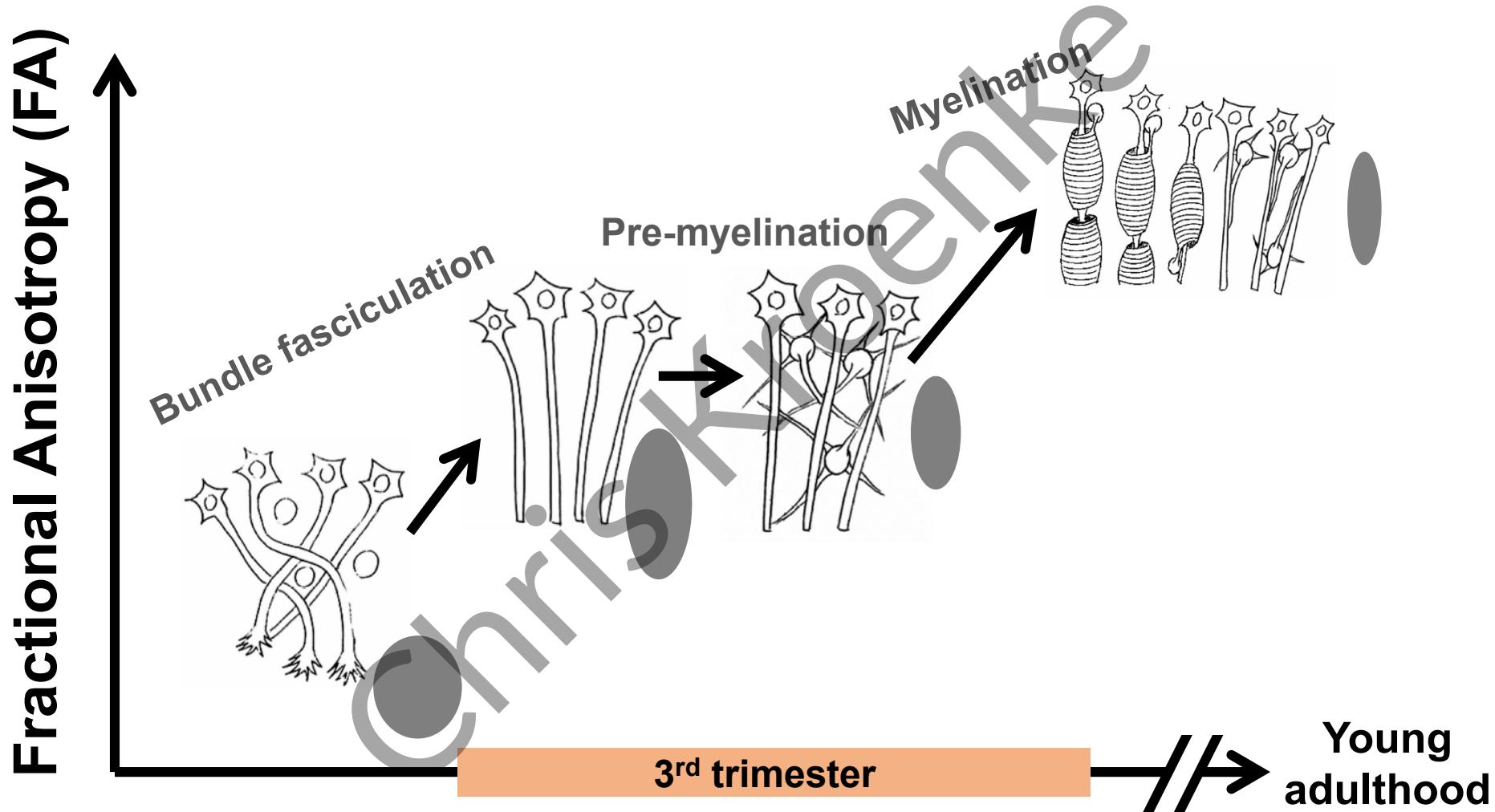
# Combining oral self administration with *in utero* MRI in a rhesus model of FASD



# *The cerebellum and brainstem are smaller in ethanol-exposed G135 fetal brains*



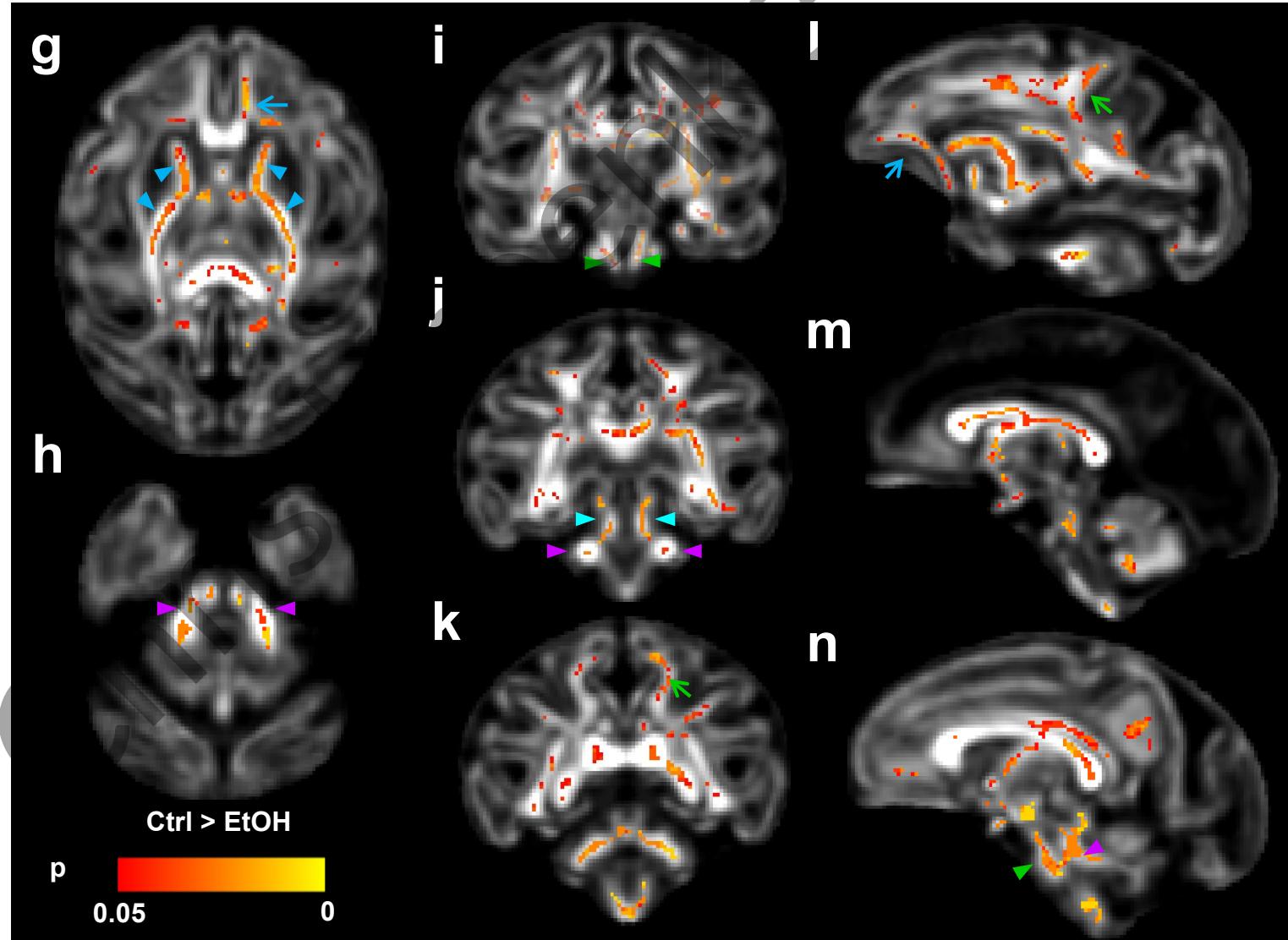
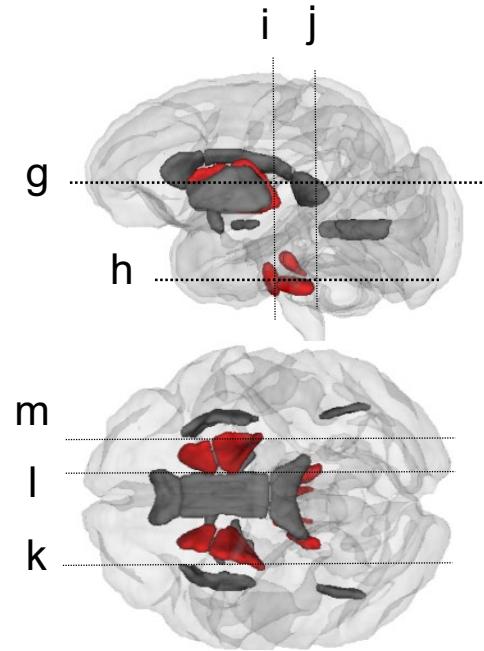
# Water diffusion anisotropy and WM maturation



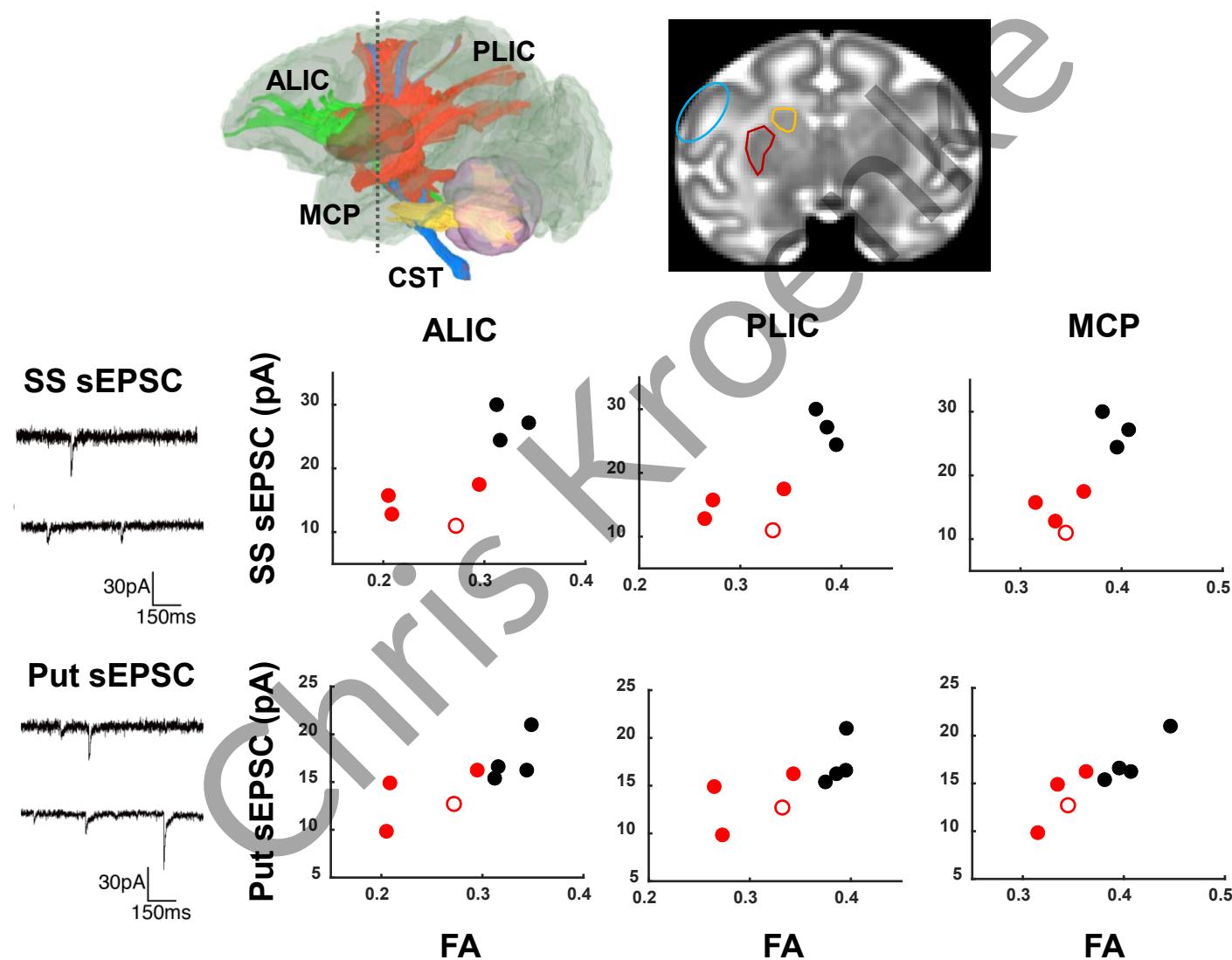
Dubois et al., *Hum. Brain Mapp.* 29:14-27 (2008)

Zanin E et al., *Brain. Behav.* 2:95-108 (2012)

# Voxel-wise analysis of regions with reduced FA due to ethanol exposure



# Reduced FA is associated with functional abnormalities



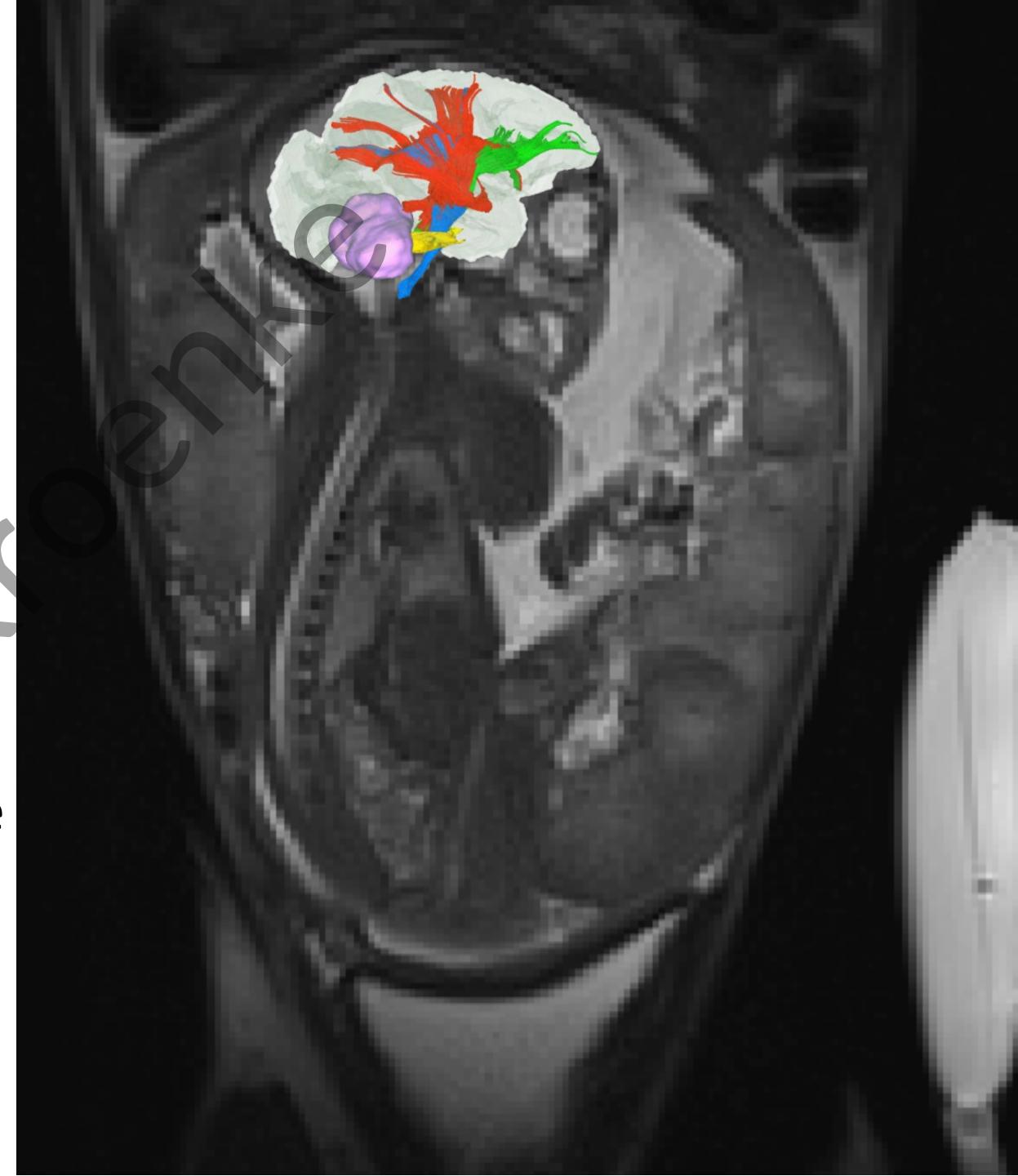
# Summary

Survey of fetal MRI capabilities  
(and validation with rhesus monkeys)

- Growth: volume vs. age
- Lung maturation
- Fetal cardiac
- Placental function

Rhesus brain development

- Retrospective motion correction
- Precise experimental control relative to gestational timing
- Template images available
- Fetal alcohol exposure affect motor-related growth and maturation



# Acknowledgements



Eunice Kennedy Shriver National Institute  
of Child Health and Human Development



National Institute of  
Neurological Disorders  
and Stroke



National Institute  
on Alcohol Abuse  
and Alcoholism



International Society for Magnetic Resonance in Medicine  
Workshop (Denver, Colorado, USA, September 2024)

# Unlocking the Potential of Prenatal MRI: Advances in Fetal Brain, Heart, & Placenta Imaging

Mehdi H. Moghari, Ph.D., University of Colorado

David Lloyd, Ph.D., Kings College London

Christopher Macgowan, Ph.D., University of Toronto

Chris Kroenke, Ph.D., Oregon Health & Science University

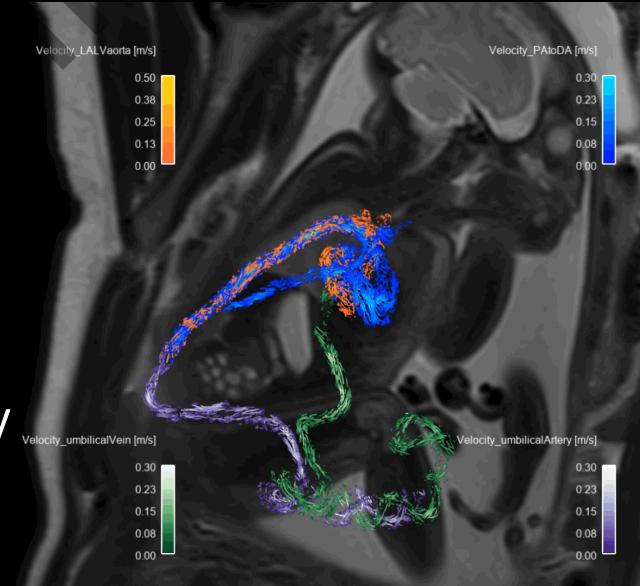


Image Courtesy of Dr. Erin Englund



Children's Hospital Colorado  
University of Colorado  
Aurora, CO, USA

