Deflection TA for Oregon

A Collaborative Public Safety <u>and</u>
Public Health Approach to
Reduce Drug Use and Drug Crime

Oregon Deflection ECHO

May 10, 2024

Jac Charlier - Executive Director jcharlier@tasc.org
TASC's Center for Health & Justice
Police, Treatment, and Community Collaborative (PTACC)

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Agenda

- Center for Health and Justice (CHJ) and Deflection
- The Police, Treatment, and Community Collaborative (PTACC)
- Deflection Resources and eCourses
- CHJ Deflection TA process
- Deflection Outcome Measures
- Deflection Decision Making





TASC's Center for Health and Justice: Deflection Overview and Capacity

May 2024

Jac Charlier, MPA

Executive Director

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www.centerforhealthandjustice.org





The Work of the Center for Health and Justice

- Provides training & technical assistance (TTA)/consulting nationally and internationally on deflection, diversion, Alternatives to Incarceration (ATI), and Specialized Case Management
- Utilizes an evidence-based, systems change approach to TTA

 Grounded in TASC's 46+ years of operational experience providing specialized case management to individuals with SUD/MH across the justice system and at the intersection with the health system





CHJ Departments and Staffing

DEPARTMENTS

- National Deflection TTA
- International Deflection and Diversion ATI TTA
- Justice and Health Research and Evaluation
- Medicaid and Special Populations for Community, Jail, and Prison Populations

STAFF CAPACITY

 28 staff and national Subject Matter Experts (SMEs) in justice, health, deflection, diversion, Alternatives to Incarceration (ATI), rural, and racial equity.





CHJ Deflection Focused Activity

- Early pioneer in the deflection field starting in 2013
 www.centerforhealthandjustice.org
- Founding partner in creating the Police, Treatment, and Community
 Collaborative (PTACC), the national and international voice of the field of
 deflection www.ptaccollaborative.org
- Serve as the DOJ BJA National Deflection Technical Assistance Center





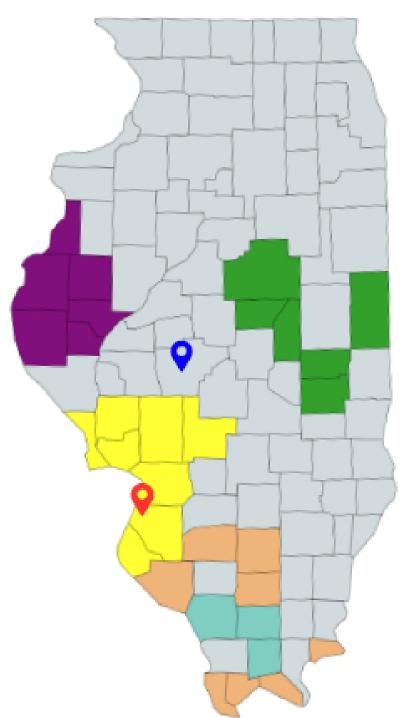
CHJ Deflection Focused Activity Continued...

- Work across all 6 deflection pathways and with all deflection approaches, strategies, and models (Angel, QRT, Civil Citation, LEAD, Yellow Line, etc...) both nationally and internationally
- Contracted to create the first statewide deflection initiative in all 102 counties as part of the Illinois Deflection Initiative (currently 27% of state covered with deflection)
- To date, contracted by numerous funders and communities to perform TA with over 75 deflection sites nationally





Illinois Statewide Deflection Build-Out



LAUNCHED JANUARY 2022



East St. Louis Community Engagement Response Team (CERT)

LAUNCHED MAY 2022

Southern Illinois Community Engagement Response Team (CERT): Randolph, Washington, Jefferson, Franklin, Alexander, Pulaski, Massac, Hardin Counties

LAUNCHING NOVEMBER 2023:

- Choices: Calhoun, Greene, Jersey, Macoupin, Montgomery, Madison, St. Clair, Monroe Counties
- Little Egypt Alternative Pathways (LEAP): Jackson, Williamson, Johnson Counties
- Springfield Engage Empower Deflect (SEED)

IN PROCESS - LAUNCHING 02 2024

- Deflection Avenues Reconnection Team (DART): McLean, DeWit, Piatt, Douglas, Coles, Vermilion Counties
- Empower: Henderson, Hancock, Adams, Brown, Schuyler, McDonough Counties





The Global Voice of The Field of Deflection and Pre-Arrest Diversion

info@ptaccollaborative.org
PTACC on LinkedIn



2024 International Deflection Training Summit





PTACC Mission and Purpose

PTACC Mission (What?) – To strategically enhance the quantity and quality of community behavioral health and social service options through engagement in deflection and pre-arrest diversion.

PTACC Purpose (Why?) – PTACC is the national / global voice of the field of deflection and pre-arrest diversion.

We provide vision, leadership, advocacy, and education to facilitate the growth and practice of deflection and pre-arrest diversion in all its forms—including programs that incorporate co-responder and community responder models—nationally and internationally.

PTACC Cornerstone

PTACC Cornerstone – PTACC does not endorse one "brand", approach, model of deflection or pre-arrest diversion; each community must determine which approach meets its needs, responds to its local situation, and reflects its community.

The more pathways a community is able to use, the more people receive help.

Deflection must honor the human dignity of all in the community.



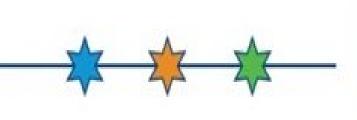


Sign up today! www.ptaccollaborative.org



NATIONAL DEFLECTION WEEK

July 16-22, 2023







Why Wait for An Arrest?

#NationalDeflectionWeek2023



DEFLECTION RESOURCES AND eCOURSES





Free Deflection eCourse







The Deflection Conversation Framework: A Community Engagement Tool for First Responders (COSSUP)



SELF-DIRECTED LEARNING COURSES

A COURSE FOR PROGRAM ADMINISTRATORS

As peer practitioners move into a variety of roles in the criminal justice system, programs need to carefully plan and prepare to integrate peer recovery support services (PRSS) into their portfolio of services. This course offers ways to think about adopting and integrating PRSS into criminal justice settings, by identifying essential elements of comprehensive programs, essential integration processes, key program

design factors, and drivers of success. While the core elements remain

the same, PRSS programs will vary from intercept to intercept and site to

EFFECTIVE INTEGRATION OF PEER RECOVERY

SUPPORT SERVICES TRAINING SERIES:

THE DEFLECTION CONVERSATION FRAMEWORK:

A COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT TOOL FOR
FIRST RESPONDERS

Deflection is an upstream preventative approach to addressing issues related to addiction, including drug-related crime, without the need to wait for an overdose, a crisis, or an arrest. Beginning over the last decade, deflection initiatives have been increasingly implemented nationwide to connect people with substance use disorders (SUDs) to community-based treatment and services. This course is designed to provide you with a comprehensive understanding of effective communication strategies for deflection. In this course, you will learn

https://www.cossapresources.org/Learning/Online/Self-Directed/Deflection



White House **Announces State Model Law to Expand Programs that Deflect People** with Addiction to Care

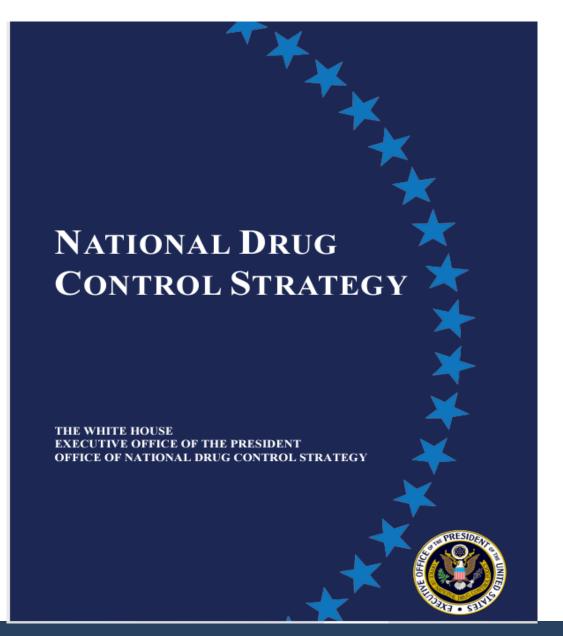
MODEL LAW ENFORCEMENT AND OTHER FIRST RESPONDER DEFLECTION ACT SEPTEMBER 2021 This project was supported by Grant G1999ONDCP03A awarded by the Office of National Drug Control Policy, Executive Office of the President. Points of view or opinions in this document are those official position or policies of the Office of National





White House
Announces
2022 National
Drug Control
Strategy:

Principle #2
Outlines the
Role of
Deflection







AND STILL MORE DEFLECTION RESOURCES





The first published use of the word "deflection"

"Want to Reduce

Drugs in Your Community? You Might Want to **Deflect Instead** of Arrest." **Police Chief** Magazine





Want to Reduce Drugs in Your Community? You Might Want to Deflect Instead of Arrest

By Jac Charlier, Director of Consulting and Training, Center for Health and Justice

While on patrol, police officers routinely sencounter people who have substance use disorders (SUDs). In the United States, adults who were arrested in the past year for any serious offense were four times more likely to have used an illicit drug than those who were not arrested. Additional research shows that 87 percent of males tested positive for at least one illicit drug at the time of arrest and 40 percent tested positive for two or more. Following arrest, in part or directly related to their drug use, those arrested might land in jail or prison. While it is estimated that SUDs occur in 68 percent of the jail population and 53 percent of the jail population and 53 percent.

their next contact with police. We have also come to understand the harmful, unintended collateral consequences of repeated and extended contact with the justice system for those low-risk citizens who, due to their addiction, might be better treated in the community. To address this pervasive and costly situation, our citizens, our communities, and our police need solutions that call upon the resources of both the public safety and the public health systems, as well as reflect the desires and concerns of the local community; solutions that reduce crime, reduce drug use, save dollars, and seek to build a more just justice system

solution to this persistent challenge faced every day by police across the United States. The solution, known as the Montgomery County Deflection Model (the Model), is a pre-booking deflection (diversion) model focused on the SUD populations who have a high likelihood of repeated contact with police due to their untreated addictions and the attendant criminogenic effects (i.e., those effects statistically related to criminal activity).

The Montgomery County Model brings evidence-based practices currently used in other parts of the criminal justice system to policing at the front end of the justice con-





First Peer-reviewed Journal on Deflection:

"Emerging Best **Practices in Law Enforcement Deflection and Community Supervision Programs.**"

Journal for Advancing Justice Volume III



Emerging Best Practices in Law Enforcement Deflection and Community Supervision Programs



IOURNAL for Advancing Justice

PRACTICE COMMENTARY

Introduction: Deflection — Police-Led Responses to **Behavioral Health Challenges**

Jac A. Charlier Police, Treatment, and Community Collaborative

Jessica Reichert Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority

his special issue of the Journal for Advancing Justice DEFLECTION: POLICE-LED features papers that reflect critical issues in the emerging field of law enforcement deflection and prearrest diversion programs (hereafter collectively referred to as deflection). Deflection is a collaborative intervention connecting public safety (e.g., police,

RESPONSES TO BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CHALLENGES

In jurisdictions across the nation, behavioral health is a major societal issue with public health and criminal justice implications. In 2017, an estimated





Field-wide evaluation on Deflection:

"Partnerships Between

Public Health and

Public Safety to Reduce

Drug Overdoses

Supplement."

Journal of Public
Health Management &
Practice

November/December 2022 Volume 28 + Number 6

Lippincott*

www.JPHIMP.com JOURNAL OF EDITOR: LLOYD F. NOVICK, MD, MIPH AUSOCIATI EDITOR JUSTIN B. MODRE, PHO. MS. FACSAL CAPET FOITORS SASHA WITH, MPH, PHO AND MALLORY O'BRICK MS, PAD SUPPLEMENT FOCUS Partnerships Between Public Health and Public Safety to Reduce Drug Overdoses Improving Partnerships Between Public Health and Public Salery to Reduce Overdose Deaths: An Inventory From the CDC Overdose Data to Action Funding Initiative Companing Practices Used in Overdose Fatality Review Teams to Recommended Implementation Guidelines Designed to Do Good: Key Findings on the Development and Operation of First Responder Deflection Programs First Responder Assertive Linkage Programs: A Scoping Review of Interventions to Improve Linkage to Care for PeopleWho Use Drugs The Massachusetts Department of Public Health Post Dannéous Support Team Initiative: A Public Health-Centered Co-Response Model for Post-Overdose de Beaumont . Wolters Kluwer





PTACC Global Deflection Resource Center



HOME ABOUT PTACC V CONFERENCE V STRATEGY AREAS V RESOURCES V NEWSLETTER



Free Deflection Resources: The "PTACC Suite"

- PTACC Visual 6 Deflection Pathways to Treatment and 1-Pager The first visual depiction of all the deflection and pre-arrest diversion pathways
- PTACC Core Measures of Deflection and Pre-Arrest Diversion Recommended metrics for sites to use covering police, treatment, community, and race.
- PTACC 11 Guiding Principles for Behavioral Health Deflection and Pre-Arrest Diversion – Currently being aligned with CARF accreditation standards.
- PTACC Opioid Settlement Brief Presents the Pathways of Deflection as an allowable use under the Opioid Master Settlement
- PTACC 3 Steps for Equity in Deflection A simple guide to get sites started on ensuring they are incorporating diversity and equity

CHJ DEFLECTION TA: National Experience, Local Impact



Four Phases of CHJ Deflection TA

- Phase I Preparation, Community Outreach and Engagement
- Phase II Deflection Solutions Action Plan (DSAP)
- Phase III DSAP Implementation
- Phase IV Operationalization and Ongoing TA





Phase II – Deflection Solutions Action Plan (DSAP)

DSAP Section 1:

- What is your agreed upon problem/challenge you are trying to address?
- What data do you have demonstrating the agreed upon problem/challenge?
- What is the purpose of doing your new/expanded initiative?
- What would success look like (generally) if your problem/challenge were (re)solved?
- What are examples of systems-level/deflection site agreed upon outcomes as measures of success?

DSAP Section 2:

- Identifying and developing partnerships
- Environmental Initiative and Project Scan





DEFLECTION: PATHWAYS TO COMMUNITY POLICE, TREATMENT, AND COMMUNITY COLLABORATIVE



COLLABORATIVE

PATHWAYS TO COMMUNITY



The Six Deflection Pathways to Treatment

- Self-Referral: <u>Individual initiates contact</u> with law enforcement for a treatment referral (without fear of arrest); preferably a warm handoff to treatment
- Active Outreach: <u>Deflection Team intentionally IDs or seeks individuals</u>; a warm handoff is made to treatment, which engages individuals in treatment
- Naloxone Plus: Engagement with treatment as part of an overdose response or DSM-V severe for opiates; tight integration with treatment, naloxone (individual too)
- Officer/First Resonder Referral: Law enforcement/FR initiates treatment engagement from a call for service or "on view"; no charges are filed
- Officer Intervention Referral: <u>Law enforcement (only) initiates</u> treatment engagement from a call for service or "on view"; <u>charges are held in abeyance or citations issued</u>, with requirement for completion of treatment





The Six Deflection Pathways to Treatment

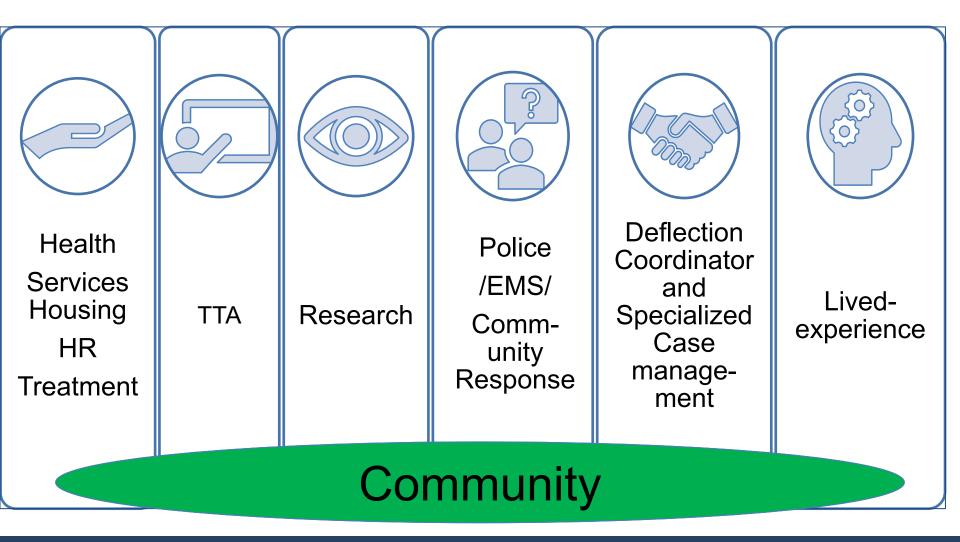
Community Response: In response to a call for service, <u>a team comprising</u> <u>community-based behavioral health professionals (e.g.,crisis workers, clinicians, peer specialists, etc.), and/or other credible messengers</u>—individuals with lived experience—sometimes in partnership with medical professionals, engages individuals to help de-escalate crises, mediate low-level conflicts, or address quality of life issues by providing a referral to treatment, services, or to a case manager.

*As approved by the PTACC National Leadership Council – April 2022





CHJ Deflection TA Multi-System Partners







Creation of Local Deflection Partners

- Police
- EMS/Fire
- Community behavioral health agencies
- HR services
- ROSCs
- Housing
- Civic entities
- Faith organizations
- Community partners
- People with lived experience
- Deflection Specialists
- Deflection Supervisors and Managers
- TASC Case Managers
- Others?





Your Role in the Deflection Initiative:

Whether you are a police officer, service provider, or any other community member

- You may join the planning process and be a part of the leadership team, helping to guide the direction of the initiative and make decisions in the future
- You may be a referral partner in which your organization works with the deflection team to accept referrals to service
- You should spread the word about the initiative to other service providers and the community





DEFLECTION OUTCOME MEASURES



Deflection Outcome Evaluation Questions

1. Does deflection reduce police contact/arrests?

Data: Participant (treatment group) arrests compared to non-participant (control group) arrests

Outcome: Reduced law enforcement contact with deflection

participants

2. To what extent has deflection improved participant readiness for change their substance use?

Data: Tools such as SOCRATES (Stages of Change Readiness and Treatment Eagerness Scale) pre and post test

Outcome measure: Increased readiness for change substance use





Deflection Outcome Evaluation Questions

3. Does deflection reduce criminal justice system costs?

Data: Costs to process people through deflection

Data: Costs to process a comparison group through justice system

Outcome: Does deflection cost less?





Deflection Performance Measures

4. How many deflection referrals become active participants?

Data: Deflection referrals

Data: Deflection active participants

Process measure: % of referrals that become active participants

5. Who were the referred persons and participants?

Data: Demographic participant data (race, ethnicity, gender, age)

Performance measure: % of people by demographics that are being

offered deflection

Process measure: % of people by demographics that accept

deflection





Deflection Data and Outcome Examples

6. To what services were deflection participants referred?

Data: Participant service referrals

Process measure: % of referrals by type/service

7. To what extent is the deflection program collaborative and sustainable?

Data: Tools such as the Wilder Collaboration survey

Data: Tools such as Program Sustainability Tool

Process measure: Collaboration, Sustainability





DEFLECTION DECISION MAKING





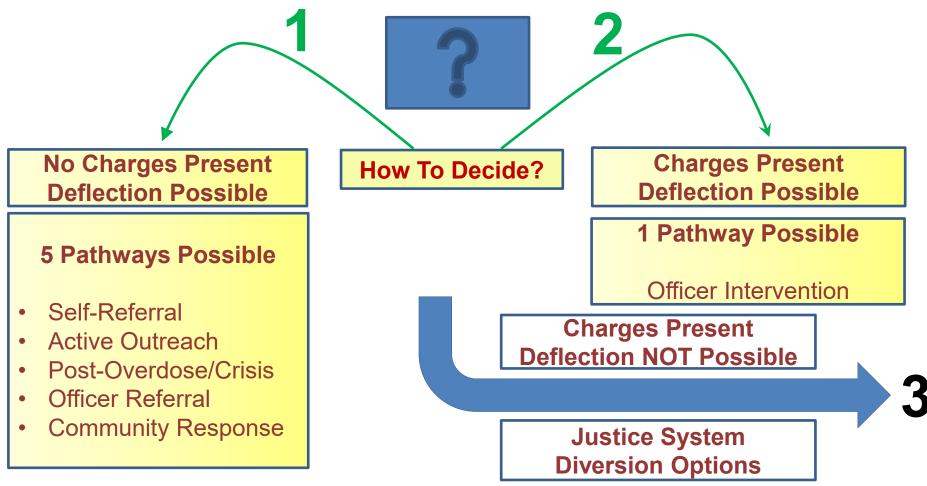
Deflection Participant Criteria

- No charges Drug use, active drug use, drug addiction
- Possible charges Drug use, active drug use, drug addiction along with discretionary charges as developed and supported by the community
- Arrest warrants Community decision
- Public safety concerns Not suitable for deflection if charges present; otherwise, what would normally happen?





Officer Deflection Decision Making Which Way Do We Go?







DEFLECTION: WHAT'S IN A NAME?





The Easiest Way to Explain Deflection

Not Waiting for Nor Needing...

- A Crisis
- An Overdose
- An Arrest
- A Situation
- An Event

- A Third Way for Police/LE
- 1) Arrest
- 2) Take No Action
- 3) Deflect
- Deflection is an early, upstream strategy
- Deflection is prevention
- Deflection is meeting people where they are





Language Matters! How Deflection Differs from Diversion

Deflection

- Centered in the community
- Moving away from justice system without having entered it
- Leaves no arrest record
- <u>Behavioral health guided</u> with criminal justice partnerships
- Approaches that are public health and public safety crime reduction and well being as goals

Diversion

- Centered in the justice system
- Moving out of justice system after having entered it
- Creates an arrest record
- <u>Criminal justice guided</u> with behavioral health partnerships
- Approaches led by law and process
 over and separate from crime
 reduction and well being as goals

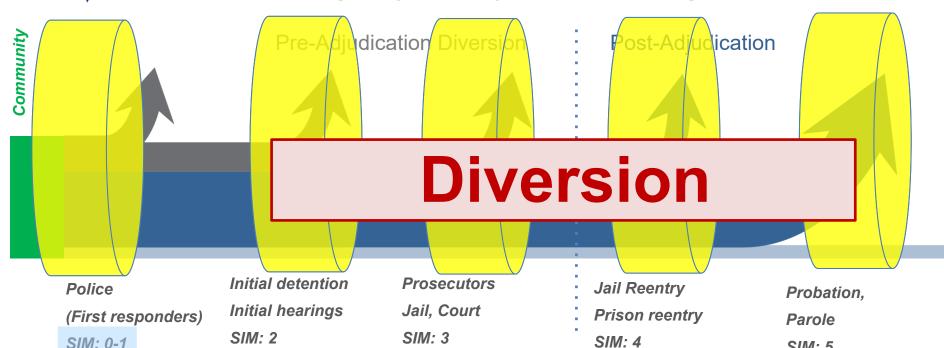




Deflection: An Early, Upstream Intervention

Community-based services, housing, and recovery support

Many people can be <u>safely deflected</u> in the community Instead of 1) entering the justice system or 2) taking no action







SIM: 5

Deflection Creates New Opportunities To Reduce Drug Crime and Drug Use

Community-based services, housing, and recovery support

Many people can be <u>safely deflected</u> in the community <u>Instead of 1) entering the justice system</u> or 2) <u>taking no action</u>

Pre-Adjudication Diversion

Diversion

Diversion

Police (First responders)

SIM: 0-1

Community

Initial detention
Initial hearings
SIM: 2

Prosecutors
Jail, Court
SIM: 3

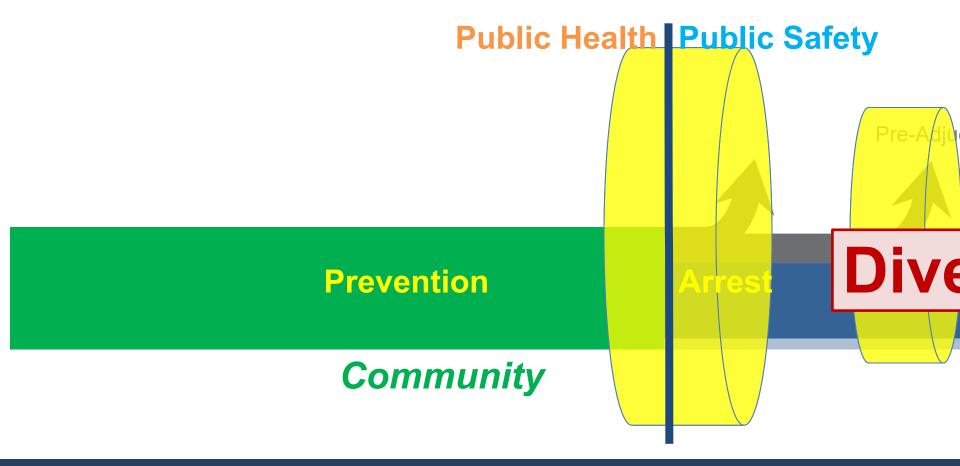
Jail Reentry
Prison reentry
SIM: 4

Probation,
Parole
SIM: 5





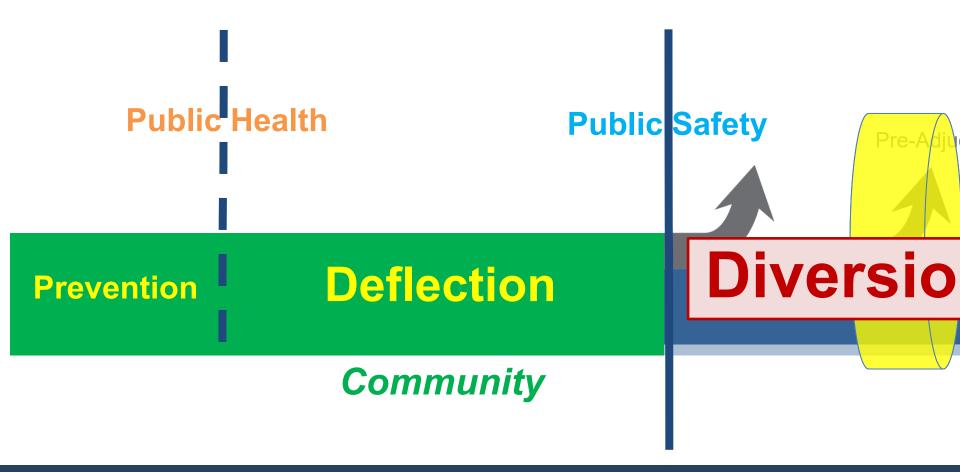
Before Deflection: How We Understood Prevention, Arrest, and Diversion







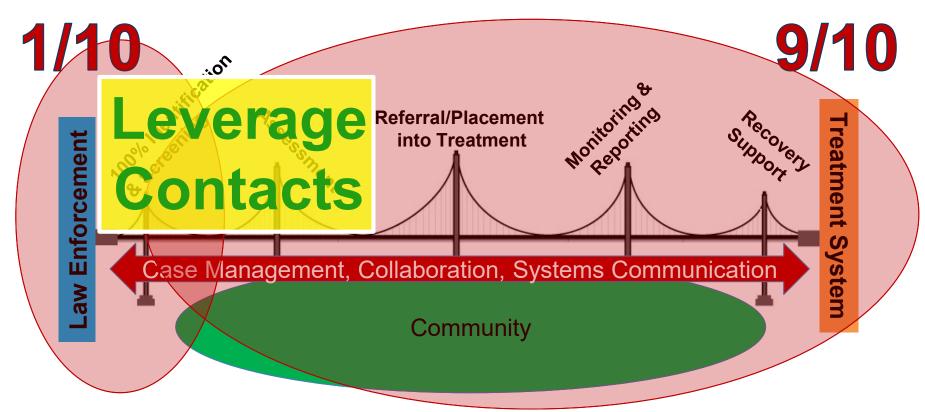
Deflection is Public Health and Public Safety Working Together







Without the 1/10th, Deflection Doesn't Happen

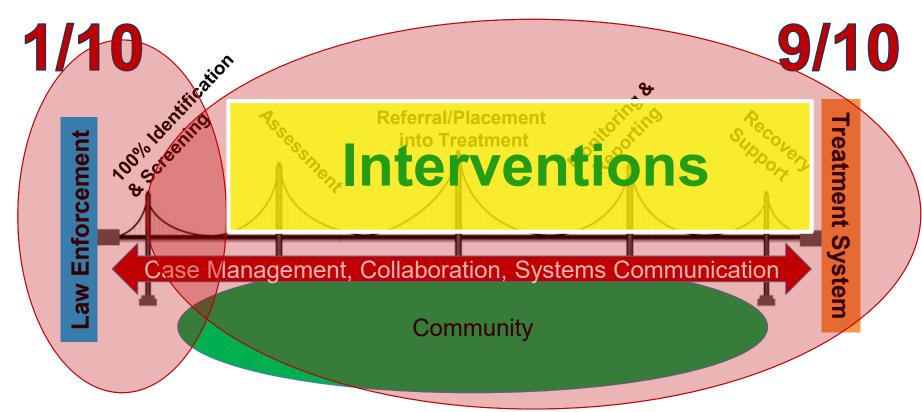


Everybody Doing Their Best Work!





Without the 9/10th, The Change Doesn't Happen

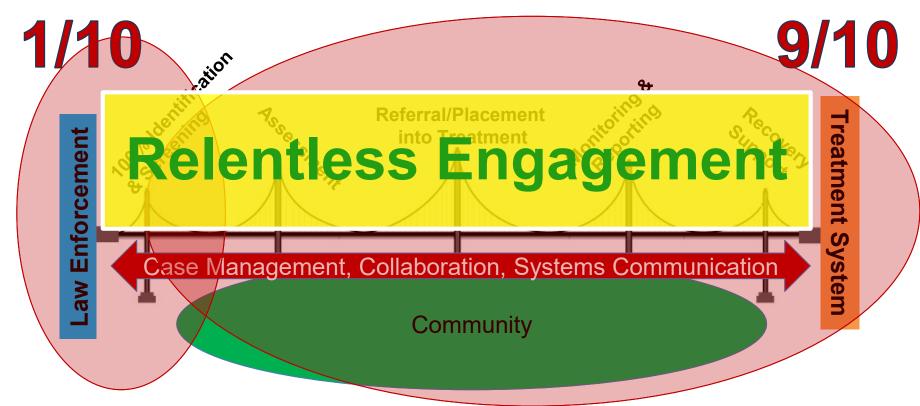


Everybody Doing Their Best Work!





Without Deflection: The Connection Doesn't Happen!



Everybody Doing Their Best Work!



